

## PLEASE NOTE

This image contains more than one label approved for this product on this date.

61842-33

1/4/2013

1/29



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY  
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

Michael Kellogg  
Tessengerlo Kerley, Inc.  
c/o Pyxis Regulatory Consulting Inc.  
4110 136<sup>th</sup> St NW  
Gig Harbor, WA 98332

**NOTIFICATION**

**JAN 04 2013**

Subject: Notification of Alternate Brand Name Sevin 85 S Insecticide  
EPA Registration # 61842-33  
Submission Date: November 27, 2012

Dear Mr. Kellogg:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 received November 27, 2012. The Registration Division (RD) has reviewed these requests and finds that this action falls within the scope of PRN 98-10. The label submitted with the application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records. If you have any questions, please contact Jessica Rogala at (703) 347-0263 or via email at [rogala.jessica@epa.gov](mailto:rogala.jessica@epa.gov).

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "J. Rogala".

Jessica Rogala  
Environmental Protection Specialist  
Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch  
Registration Division (7505P)



United States  
Environmental Protection Agency  
Washington, DC 20460

 Registration  
 Amendment  
 Other

OPP Identifier Number

### Application for Pesticide - Section I

|  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| 1. Company/Product Number<br>61842-33  | 2. EPA Product Manager<br>J. Hebert  | 3. Proposed Classification<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted |
| 4. Company/Product (Name)<br>Tessenderlo Kerley, Inc. / Sevin Brand 85 Sprayable Carbaryl Insecticide  | PM#<br>7   |  |
| 5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code)<br>Tessenderlo Kerley, Inc.<br>c/o Pyxis Regulatory Consulting, Inc.<br>4110 136th St. NW<br>Gig Harbor, WA 98332<br><input type="checkbox"/> Check if this is a new address | 6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to:<br>EPA Reg. No. _____<br>Product Name _____ |  |

### Section - II

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Amendment - Explain below.                            | <input type="checkbox"/> Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated _____ | <input type="checkbox"/> "Me Too" Application.   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notification - Explain below.              | <input type="checkbox"/> Other - Explain below.  |

**Explanation:** Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.)

Notification of an alternate brand name per PRN 98-10. The alternate brand name is "Sevin 85 S Insecticide". This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

### Section - III

|   |  |   |                   |  |                   |
|---|--|---|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| 1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:   |  |   |                   | 2. Type of Container   |                   |
| Child-Resistant Packaging<br><input type="checkbox"/> Yes<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No                     | Unit Packaging<br><input type="checkbox"/> Yes<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No | Water Soluble Packaging<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes<br><input type="checkbox"/> No |                   | <input type="checkbox"/> Metal   |                   |
| * Certification must be submitted   |  | If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt.  | No. per container | If "Yes" Package wgt   | No. per container |
|   |  |   |                   | 1.177 lbs.   | 4                 |
|   |  |   |                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Paper  | PVA film          |
| 3. Location of Net Contents Information<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Label <input type="checkbox"/> Container |  | 4. Size(s) Retail Container<br>4 x 1.177 lbs.   |                   | 5. Location of Label Directions<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> On Label<br><input type="checkbox"/> On Labeling accompanying product |                   |
| 6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lithograph Paper glued Stenciled  |  |   |                   | <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____   |                   |

### Section - IV

|  |                     |   |
|--|---------------------|---|
| 1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.)  |                     |   |
| Name<br>Michael Kellogg  | Title<br>Agent      | Telephone No. (Include Area Code)<br>(253) 853-7369 |
| <b>Certification</b><br>I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law. |                     | 6. Date Application Received<br>(Stamped)           |
| 2. Signature<br>   | 3. Title<br>Agent   |   |
| 4. Typed Name<br>Michael Kellogg   | 5. Date<br>11/27/12 |   |

PYXIS REGULATORY CONSULTING, INC.

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4110 136<sup>th</sup> St. NW  
Gig Harbor, WA 98332

Phone: 253-853-7369  
Fax: 253-853-5516  
www.PyxisRC.com

November 27, 2012

COURIER DELIVERY

John Hebert (PM 7)  
Document Processing Desk (NOTIF)  
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P)  
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency  
Room S-4900, One Potomac Yard  
2777 S. Crystal Drive  
Arlington, VA 22202-4501

RE: Tessengerlo Kerley, Inc. – Sevin Brand 85 Sprayable Carbaryl Insecticide  
(EPA Reg. No. 61842-33)  
Notification of an Alternate Brand Name per PRN 98-10

Dear Mr. Hebert,

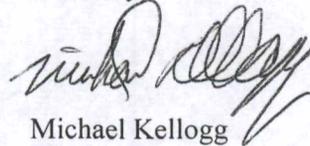
On behalf of Tessengerlo Kerley, Inc., please find the enclosed label notification adding the alternate brand name “Sevin 85 S Insecticide” to the Sevin Brand 85 Sprayable Carbaryl Insecticide registration.

In support of this label notification please find the enclosed documents:

1. Completed Application for Registration (EPA Form 8570-1)
2. One (1) copy of the proposed label with changes tracked
3. One (1) copy of the proposed label with changes incorporated
4. Certification With Respect to Label Integrity
5. One (1) copy of proposed label on CD
6. Letter of Authorization

Please feel free to call me if you have any questions or need any additional information.

Sincerely,

  
Michael Kellogg



Enclosures

cc: B. Thomassen, Tessengerlo Kerley, Inc.

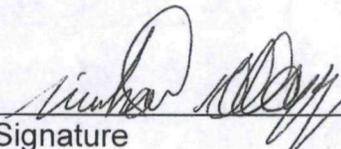
# Certification with Respect to Label Integrity

version: 9/11/02

I certify that the information (including, but not limited to, text, tables, and graphics) contained in the electronic file identified below by file name and submitted with this certification is the same information as that on the paper copies of these documents included with this submission.

| PROPOSED LABEL     |                       |   |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---|
| EPA Registration # | Date Submitted to EPA | Electronic file name  |
| 61842-33           | November 27, 2012     | 061842-00033.20121127.Sevin 85 S Insecticide ABN notification.PDF |

I certify that the statements that I have made on this form are true, accurate, and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statements may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.

  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 Signature

11/27/12  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date

Michael Kellogg

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name (typed)

\_\_\_\_\_  
Agent

\_\_\_\_\_  
Title



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# Sevin<sup>®</sup> Brand 85 Sprayable Carbaryl Insecticide

## SEVIN<sup>®</sup> 85 S Insecticide

### Intended For Agricultural Use

|   |               |
|---|---------------|
| <b>ACTIVE INGREDIENT:</b>                     | <b>By Wt.</b> |
| Carbaryl (1-naphthyl N-methylcarbamate) ..... | 85%           |
| <b>OTHER INGREDIENTS:</b> .....               | 15%           |
| <b>TOTAL:</b> .....                           | 100%          |

### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

## WARNING AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.  
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

**FOR TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCIES ONLY CALL 24 HOURS A DAY (800) 424-9300 (CHEMTREC)**

### FIRST AID

Carbaryl is an N-Methyl Carbamate Insecticide.

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| <b>IF SWALLOWED:</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Immediately call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> <li>• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> <li>• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul> |
| <b>IF IN EYES:</b>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>  |

**NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:** Carbaryl is an N-methyl carbamate that inhibits cholinesterase. Drugs like 2-Pam (pyridine-2-aldoxime methiodide) are not recommended. To aid in the confirmation of diagnosis, urine samples should be obtained within 24 hours of exposure and immediately frozen. Analysis will be arranged by Tessengerlo Kerley, Inc. Consultation on therapy can be obtained at all hours by calling the appropriate emergency number 1-866-374-1975 (U.S.A.)

E.P.A Reg No. 61842-33

E.P.A. Est. No. 264-MO-003

**NOTIFICATION**  
**JAN 04 2013**

Tessengerlo Kerley, Inc.  
2255 N. 44th Street, Suite 300  
Phoenix, AZ 85008 USA  
1-800-525-2803  
www.novasource.com

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SEVIN-85-0812



## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

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### HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS WARNING

May be fatal if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**OVEREXPOSURE MAY CAUSE:** Salivation, watery eyes, pinpoint eye pupils, blurred vision, muscle tremors, difficult breathing, excessive sweating, abdominal cramps, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, weakness, headache. IN SEVERE CASES CONVULSION, UNCONSCIOUSNESS AND RESPIRATORY FAILURE MAY OCCUR. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OCCUR RAPIDLY FOLLOWING OVEREXPOSURE TO THIS PRODUCT.

### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are made of any waterproof material. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Handlers applying with open cab airblast equipment at application rates equal to or greater than 5 9/10 pounds of product per acre must wear:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant headgear, and
- A NIOSH-approved dust/mist filtering respirator with NIOSH/MSHA approval number prefix TC-21C or NIOSH- approved respirator with any N, R, P or HE filter.

All other mixers, loaders, applicators, and handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves, and
- Chemical-resistant apron, when mixing, loading, or cleaning up spills or equipment.

**Aerial and chemigation applications are prohibited.**

**See engineering controls for additional requirements and exceptions.**

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

### ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Applicators using airblast equipment for application to citrus in California must use an enclosed cab that meets the definition in the Worker Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(5)] for dermal protection. In addition, such applicators must:

- wear long-sleeve shirt, long pants, shoes, and socks;
- either wear a NIOSH-approved dust/mist filtering respirator with NIOSH/MSHA approval number prefix TC-21C or a NIOSH-approved respirator with any N, R, P or HE filter or use an enclosed cab that is declared in writing by the manufacturer or by a government agency to provide at least as much respiratory protection as this type of respirator;
- be provided, have immediately available for use, and wear in an emergency when they must exit the cab in the treated area coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves, chemical-resistant footwear, and chemical-resistant headgear (if overhead exposure) plus – if not already using one – the respirator specified above—take off any PPE that was worn in the treated area before reentering the cab, and
- store all such PPE in a chemical-resistant container, such as a plastic bag, to prevent contamination of the inside of the cab.

Water-soluble packaging when used correctly qualifies as a closed mixing/loading system under the Worker Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4)]. Mixers and loaders using water soluble packets must:

- wear the personal protective equipment on this labeling for mixers/loaders, and
- be provided, have immediately available, and use in an emergency, such as a broken package, spill, or equipment breakdown, chemical-resistant footwear and a NIOSH-approved dust/mist filtering respirator with NIOSH/MSHA approval number prefix TC-21C or a NIOSH-approved respirator with any N, R, P or HE filter.

When applicators use enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240(d)(5)), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

**Users should:**

- Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

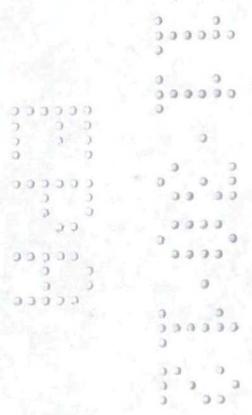
### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is extremely toxic to aquatic invertebrates. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Discharge from rice fields may kill aquatic and estuarine invertebrates. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from area treated. Drift and runoff may kill aquatic invertebrates in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water by cleaning equipment or disposal of wastes. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

**BEE CAUTION: MAY KILL HONEYBEES AND OTHER BEES IN SUBSTANTIAL NUMBERS.** This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom. Notifying beekeepers within 1 mile of treatment area at least 48 hours before product is applied will allow them to take additional steps to protect their bees. Limiting application to times when bees are least active, e.g., within 2 hours of sunrise or sunset, will minimize risk to bees.

*For crops in bloom (except soybean and corn):* Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom.

*For soybean and corn:* If application cannot be avoided when target crop or weeds are in bloom, limiting applications to times when bees are least active, e.g. within 2 hours of sunrise or sunset, will minimize risk to bees.



## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.  
Read the entire label before using this product.

Strictly observe label directions and cautions. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the Restricted-entry interval (REI). The REI for carbaryl is 12 hours unless otherwise specified in the directions for use associated with each crop.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls over short-sleeve shirt and short-pants,
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks,
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, and
- Chemical-resistant headgear if overhead exposure.

When the Restricted-Entry Interval for a crop is 7 days or longer, you must notify workers of the application by warning them orally and by posting warning signs at entrances to treated area.

### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

#### PESTICIDE STORAGE

Store unused ~~SEVIN® brand 85 Sprayable Carbaryl Insecticide~~ SEVIN® 85 S Insecticide in original container only, in cool, dry area out of reach of children and animals. Do not store in areas where temperatures frequently exceed 100° F.

If container is damaged, before cleaning up, put on Personal Protective Equipment.

#### PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Open dumping is prohibited. Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

#### CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Once outer bag of water soluble packets is empty, offer for recycling, if available, or dispose of in the trash as long as water soluble packets are unbroken, or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If bag is burned, stay out of smoke.

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## INFORMATION AND RESTRICTIONS

~~SEVIN® brand 85 Sprayable Carbaryl Insecticide~~ SEVIN® 85 S Insecticide is a dry powder formulation of SEVIN® brand carbaryl insecticide and is packaged in water soluble paks. Each pak contains 1.177 lbs of formulated product. Do not sell individual water soluble paks. Do not handle inner bag with wet hands or gloves. Do not allow paks to become wet prior to adding to the spray tank. Handle outer container (over wrap bag) carefully to avoid breakage of inner soluble paks. Always reseal outer container (over wrap bag) in a manner that protects remaining paks from moisture. Do not remove the WSPs from the container except for immediate use. Use the entire contents of a WSP, do not break open to use partial contents of a WSP.

This product readily disperses in water to form a spray which may be applied by ground.

Aerial and chemigation applications are prohibited.

### PLANT RESPONSE PRECAUTIONS

Application to wet foliage or during periods of high humidity may cause injury to tender foliage.

Do not use on Boston Ivy, Virginia creeper and maidenhair fern as injury may result. Carbaryl may also injure Virginia and sand pines.

The use of adjuvants may increase the potential for crop injury to sensitive crops.

### PREHARVEST AND GRAZING RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

For all listed crops and uses, do not apply at greater rates or at more frequent intervals than stated on the label. If forage is grazed or used as feed for dairy and meat animals, follow all use restrictions in order to avoid illegal residues in crops, meat or milk. Do not use reclaimed irrigation water from crops treated with carbaryl on crops for which carbaryl tolerances are not established.

### APPLICATION STATEMENTS

Calibrate and adjust application equipment to insure proper rate and accurate placement. To clean spray system after use, drain and flush with a water and detergent mixture. Rinse thoroughly with clean water. Refer to the Storage and Disposal section for disposal instructions.

**NOTE: Staining may occur on certain surfaces such as stucco, brick, cinder block, and wood. Spray deposits on painted or stained surfaces or finishes (i.e., cars, houses, trailers, boats, etc.) should be immediately removed by washing to prevent discoloration. Avoid applications to surfaces where visible spray residues are objectionable. For outdoor use only.**

### RESISTANT SPECIES NOTICE

All references to armyworm on the crops listed below refer to the species, *Pseudaletia unipuncta*, often called the "true armyworm". Except where indicated otherwise, this product is not registered for the protection against other armyworm species. Regional differences have been noted in the susceptibility of certain strains of fall armyworm, diamondback moth, Colorado potato beetle and Southern green stink bug to carbaryl. If local experience indicates inadequate product performance, use an alternative pesticide.

### MIXING, LOADING AND HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS

Remove oil, rust, scale, pesticide residues and other foreign matter from mix tanks and entire spray system. Flush with clean water. Consult the Specific Use Directions section of this label to determine the number of paks and spray volume required. Fill the mixing tank partially (1/2 to 3/4) with water. With the agitator on, slowly add the required number of unopened paks of ~~SEVIN® brand 85 Sprayable Carbaryl Insecticide~~ SEVIN® 85 S Insecticide into the mixing tank. Allow all the water soluble paks to dissolve and completely disperse. Depending upon the water temperature and the degree of agitation, the water soluble paks should be completely dissolved within 3 – 5 minutes. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water. Do not put water soluble paks close to the recirculating inlet and outlet, as they may block the line before completely dissolved. Prepare only as much spray mixture as can be applied on the day of mixing. Do not use partial water soluble paks. MAINTAIN CONTINUOUS AGITATION DURING MIXING AND APPLICATION TO ASSURE A UNIFORM SUSPENSION. DO NOT STORE SPRAY MIXTURE FOR PROLONGED PERIODS OR DEGRADATION OF CARBARYL MAY OCCUR. Local water conditions may also accelerate the degradation of spray mixtures containing carbaryl. See COMPATIBILITY STATEMENT below.

### TANK MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Once the water soluble paks have completely dissolved, add other products in the following order: wettable powder, dry flowable (wetable granules), liquid flowable, liquids, and EC's. Always allow each tank mix partner to disperse fully before adding the next product.

### COMPATIBILITY INFORMATION

~~SEVIN® brand 85 Sprayable Carbaryl Insecticide~~ SEVIN® 85 S Insecticide, when diluted with at least an equal volume of water, is compatible with a wide range of pesticides. It is not compatible with diesel fuel, kerosene, fuel oil or aromatic solvents. If compatibility with another product and the resulting crop response is unknown, the mixture should be tested on a small scale. Curdling, precipitation, greasing, layer formation or increased viscosity are symptoms of incompatibility. Incompatibility will reduce product performance and may cause application and handling difficulties or plant injury. Observe all cautions and limitations on labeling of all products used in mixtures. WHEN PREPARING COMBINATION SPRAYS, FIRST ADD ~~SEVIN® BRAND 85 SPRAYABLE CARBARYL INSECTICIDE~~ SEVIN® 85 S INSECTICIDE TO AT LEAST AN EQUAL VOLUME OF WATER, MIX THOROUGHLY, AND THEN ADD COMBINATION PRODUCTS TO THE MIXTURE. DO NOT APPLY TANK MIX COMBINATIONS UNLESS YOUR PREVIOUS

EXPERIENCE INDICATES THE MIXTURE IS EFFECTIVE AND WILL NOT RESULT IN APPLICATION PROBLEMS OR PLANT INJURY.

Carbaryl is unstable under highly alkaline conditions and mixtures with strong bases, such as Bordeaux, lime-sulfur and casein-lime spreaders, will result in chemical degradation of the insecticide. Do not use this product in water with pH values above 8.0 unless a buffer is added. If necessary, water should be buffered to neutral (pH = 7.0) before adding this product to the spray tank. Overhead irrigation with alkaline or muddy water after application will also accelerate chemical degradation and may result in reduced product performance.

**APPLICATION PROCEDURES**

On all crops use sufficient gallonage to obtain thorough and uniform coverage. Observe crop label instructions for specific directions regarding spray volume where they occur. Calibrate spray equipment to deliver the required volume. Use of 50 mesh slotted strainers in spray system and 25 mesh slotted strainers behind nozzles is recommended.

**GROUND APPLICATION**

Apply in sufficient volume for adequate coverage on all crops and sites.

**SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS**

**USE SITES:**

- Asparagus
- Brassica Leafy Vegetables
- Cereal Grain Crops (Field and Pop Corn; Grain Sorghum; Rice; Sweet Corn)
- Cucurbit Vegetables
- Flax
- Forage Crops (Alfalfa, Clovers, Birdsfoot Trefoil)
- Fruiting Vegetables
- Leafy Vegetables (Dandelion, Endive, Lettuce, Parsley, Spinach; Leaf Petiole Subgroup 4B)
- Legume Vegetables (Edible-Podded Legume Vegetables; Dried Shelled Peas and Beans (except Soybean); Soybeans; Foliage of Legume Vegetables)
- Noncropland (Conservation Reserve Program; Set-Aside Program Acreage; Wasteland; Rights-of-Way; Hedgerows; Ditchbanks; Roadsides)
- Okra
- Peanuts
- Prickly Pear Cactus
- Root and Tuber Crops (Root and Tuber Crops except Sugar Beets and Sweet Potatoes; Sugar Beets; Sweet Potatoes)
- Small Fruits and Berries (Bushberries, Caneberries, Cranberries, Grapes, Strawberries)
- Sunflower
- Tobacco
- Tree Fruit Crops (Citrus Fruits; Olives; Pome Fruits; Stone Fruits)
- Tree Nut Crops (Pistachios; Tree Nuts)
- Forested Areas and Rangeland Trees
- Ornamental Trees and Plants
- Turfgrass
- Specific Pests Across Multiple Sites
  - Grasshoppers
  - Ticks which Vector Lyme Disease
  - Imported Fire Ants
  - Nuisance Pests

**APPLICATION TIMING AND DIRECTIONS**

Begin application when insect populations reach recognized economic threshold levels. Consult the Cooperative Extension Service, Consultants, or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate threshold levels and timing for treatment in your area. Where a dosage range is indicated, use the lower rate on light to moderate infestations, young plants and early instars and use the higher rate on heavy infestations, mature plants, advanced instars and adults. Thorough and uniform spray coverage is essential for adequate product performance.

**EACH WATER SOLUBLE PAK CONTAINS 1.177 POUNDS OF FORMULATED PRODUCT (1.0 POUND ACTIVE INGREDIENT).**

### ASPARAGUS

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Apache cicada<br>Asparagus beetle<br>Cutworms | 1 1/5                           | 1.0                                 | Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 3 times prior to harvest or a total of 5 applications per year to spears and ferns combined. Do not apply more often than once every 3 days.<br><br>For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant. |
|   | 2 2/5                           | 0.5                                 | <b>Application to ferns or brush growth following harvest of spears:</b> Repeat applications as necessary but not more often than every 3 days. Do not make more than a total of 5 applications per year to spears and ferns combined  |

**RESTRICTIONS: ASPARAGUS**

- Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 3 1/2 pounds (3 water soluble paks) per acre before harvest of spears.
- Do not apply more than a total of 5 9/10 pounds (5 water soluble paks) per acre per year.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

### BRASSICA LEAFY VEGETABLES CROPS

**All members of the Brassica Leafy Vegetable Group 5 including:** Broccoli, Broccoli raab (*rapini*), Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Cavalo broccolo, Chinese broccoli (*gai lon*), Chinese cabbage (*bok choy*), Chinese cabbage (*napa*), Chinese mustard cabbage (*gai choy*), Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard greens, Mustard spinach, Rape greens, Turnip greens.

| PEST   | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Flea beetles<br>Harlequin bug<br>Leafhoppers   | 3/5 to 1 1/5                    | 2.0 to 1.0                          | Repeat applications as needed up to a total of 4 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days. |
| Armyworm<br>Aster leafhopper<br>Corn earworm<br>Diamondback moth<br>Fall armyworm<br>Imported cabbageworm<br>Lygus bugs<br>Spittle bugs<br>Stink bugs<br>Tarnished plant bug | 1 1/5 to 2 2/5                  | 1.0 to 0.5                          |  |

**RESTRICTIONS: BRASSICA LEAFY VEGETABLES**

- For Head and Stem Brassica subgroup 5A [including Broccoli, Chinese broccoli (*gai lon*), Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese cabbage (*napa*), Chinese mustard cabbage (*gai choy*), Cauliflower, Cavalo broccolo, and Kohlrabi], do not apply within 3 days of harvest.
- For Leafy Brassica Greens subgroup 5B [Broccoli raab (*rapini*), Chinese cabbage (*bok choy*), Collards, Kale, Mizuna, Mustard greens, Mustard spinach, Rape greens, and Turnip greens], do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 7 pounds (6 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- Application is permitted only within 30 days from the date of crop emergence or the date of transplanting
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

## CEREAL GRAIN CROPS FIELD CORN AND POPCORN

| PEST   | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Armyworm<br>Chinch bugs<br>Corn earworm<br>Corn rootworm adults<br>Fall armyworm<br>Flea beetles<br>Japanese beetle<br>Sap beetles<br>Southwestern corn borer<br>Leafhoppers | 1 1/5 to 2 2/5                  | 1.0 to 0.5                          | OBSERVE BEE CAUTION.<br><br>Repeat applications as needed up to a total of 4 times per year but not more often than once every 14 days.<br><br>Good timing and good coverage are essential for effective product performance.<br><br>For best results on chinch bug, use ground equipment to apply at least 20 gallons of water per acre and direct spray toward stalk to provide thorough coverage.   |
| European corn borer  | 1 4/5 to 2 2/5                  | 0.67 to 0.5                         | For best results on European corn borer, do not apply in less than 15 gallons of water per acre.<br><br>For western bean cutworm, treat when infestation averages 15% and at 90 to 100% tassel emergence. Treatment after 100% silk emergence will reduce effectiveness.<br><br>For best results on cutworm, apply in a 12-inch band, over the row, using sufficient volume of water to obtain thorough coverage. Apply by ground in at least 20 gallons of water per acre. For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant. |
| Western bean cutworm<br>Cutworms   | 2 2/5                           | 0.5                                 |  |

**RESTRICTIONS: FIELD AND POP CORN**

- Do not apply within 48 days of harvest of grain and fodder or within 14 days of harvest or grazing of forage or silage.
- Do not apply more than a total of 9 2/5 pounds per acre (8 water soluble paks) per crop per year.
- Hand harvesting is prohibited.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 24 hours  
EXCEPTION: the REI is 21 days for workers detasseling corn.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
For corn: If application cannot be avoided when target crop or weeds are in bloom, limiting applications to times when bees are least active, e.g. within 2 hours of sunrise or sunset, will minimize risk to bees. Notifying beekeepers within 1 mile of treatment area at least 48 hours before product is applied will allow them to take additional steps to protect their bees. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

### GRAIN SORGHUM

| PEST   | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Armyworm<br>Chinch bugs<br>Corn earworm<br>Fall armyworm<br>Stink bugs<br>Webworms | 1 1/5 to 2 2/5                  | 1.0 to 0.5                          | Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 4 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days.<br><br>Direct spray into forming heads for best results on insects attacking heads. |
| Southwestern corn borer  | 1 4/5                           | 0.67                                | For best results on chinch bug, use high gallonage ground application at the base of plants.  |
| Cutworms   | 2 2/5                           | 0.5                                 | For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant.  |

**RESTRICTIONS: GRAIN SORGHUM**

- Do not apply within 21 days of harvest for grain or fodder or within 14 days of harvest or grazing of forage or silage.
- Do not apply more than a total of 7 pounds per acre (6 water soluble paks) per crop per year.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

### RICE

| PEST   | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Armyworms<br>Chinch bugs<br>Fall armyworm<br>Leafhoppers<br>Stink bugs | 1 1/5 to 1 4/5                  | 1.0 to 0.67                         | Up to 2 applications per crop per year may be made but not more often than once every 7 days.   |
| Tadpole shrimp   | 1 4/5                           | 0.67                                | <b>California only</b><br>Up to 2 applications per crop per year may be made but not more often than once every 7 days. For best results on tadpole shrimp, apply to water when pest first appears. |

**RESTRICTIONS: RICE**

- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest for grain or straw.
- Do not apply more than a total of 3 1/2 pounds (3 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- Discharge from treated rice fields may kill shrimp, crabs, and crayfish.
- Do not apply propanil herbicides within 15 days before or after application of this product or plant injury will result.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

### SWEET CORN

| PEST   | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Armyworm<br>Chinch bugs<br>Corn earworm<br>Corn rootworm adults<br>Fall armyworm<br>Flea beetles<br>Japanese beetle<br>Sap beetles<br>Southwestern corn borer<br>Leafhoppers | 1 1/5 to 2 2/5                  | 1.0 to 0.5                          | OBSERVE BEE CAUTION<br><br>Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 8 times per year but not more often than once every 3 days.<br><br>Good timing and good coverage are essential for effective product performance.<br><br>For insects attacking silks and ears, insecticide sprays should be applied starting when first silks appear and continuing until silks begin to dry. During silking, the minimum retreatment interval (3 days) may not provide adequate levels of protection under conditions of rapid growth or severe pest pressure. The use of an alternative product should be considered in conjunction with this product. |
| European corn borer  | 1 4/5 to 2 2/5                  | 0.67 to 0.5                         | For best results on chinch bug, use ground equipment to apply at least 20 gallons of water per acre and direct spray toward stalk to provide thorough coverage.<br><br>For best results on European corn borer, do not apply in less than 15 gallons of water per acre.   |
| Western bean cutworm<br>Cutworms   | 2 2/5                           | 0.5                                 | For western bean cutworm, treat when infestation average 15% and at 90 to 100% tassel emergence. Treatment after 100% silk emergence will reduce effectiveness.<br><br>For best results on cutworm, apply in a 12-inch band, over the row, using sufficient volume of water to obtain thorough coverage. For broadcast application, use at least 20 gallons of water per acre.<br><br>For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant.  |

**RESTRICTIONS: SWEET CORN**

- Do not apply within 2 days of harvest of ears, within 14 days of harvest or grazing of forage, or within 48 days of harvest of fodder.
- Do not apply more than a total of 18 4/5 pounds (16 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- Hand harvesting is prohibited.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 24 hours  
EXCEPTION: the REI is 21 days for workers detasseling corn.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
For corn: If application cannot be avoided when target crop or weeds are in bloom, limiting applications to times when bees are least active, e.g. within 2 hours of sunrise or sunset, will minimize risk to bees. Notifying beekeepers within 1 mile of treatment area at least 48 hours before product is applied will allow them to take additional steps to protect their bees. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

**CUCURBIT VEGETABLES**

All members of the Cucurbit Vegetable Group 9 including: Chayote (fruit), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), Citron melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourd (edible, includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra), *Momordica* spp. (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, Chinese cucumber), Muskmelon (hybrids and/or cultivars of *Cucumis melo* including true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, Crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon), Pumpkin, Squash (includes summer squash types such as: crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini, and winter squash types such as acorn squash, butternut squash, calabaza, cushaw, Hubbard squash, spaghetti squash), Watermelon (includes hybrids and/or varieties of *Citrullus lanatus*).

| PEST   | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Pickleworm<br>Melonworm  | 3/5 to 1 1/5                    | 2.0 to 1.0                          | Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 6 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days                              |
| Cucumber beetles<br>Flea beetles<br>Leafhoppers<br>Squash bugs | 1 1/5                           | 1.0                                 | For best results on squash bugs, apply sufficient spray volume for thorough coverage and time sprays for early morning or late afternoon. |

**RESTRICTIONS: CUCURBIT VEGETABLES**

- Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 7 pounds (6 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- Observe plant response precautions.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

**FLAX**

| PEST     | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|----------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Armyworm | 1 1/5 to 1 4/5                  | 1.0 to 0.67                         | Up to 2 applications per crop per year may be made but not more often than once every 14 days. |

**RESTRICTIONS: FLAX**

- **DO NOT USE IN CALIFORNIA.**
- Do not apply within 42 days of harvest for seed or straw.
- Do not apply more than a total of 3 1/2 pounds (3 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

## FORAGE CROPS ALFALFA, CLOVERS, AND BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Blister beetles<br>Mexican bean beetle  | 3/5 to 1 1/5                    | 2.0 to 1.0                          | <b>OBSERVE BEE CAUTION.</b><br><br>Observe plant response precautions.<br><br>On dense growth, use 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre with ground equipment to ensure adequate coverage.   |
| Alfalfa caterpillar<br>Bean leaf beetle<br>Cucumber beetles<br>Green cloverworm<br>Japanese beetle<br>Leafhoppers<br>Potato leafhopper<br>Three cornered alfalfa hopper<br>Thrips<br>Velvetbean caterpillar   | 1 1/5                           | 1.0                                 |  |
| Alfalfa blotch leafminer<br>Armyworm<br>Cloverhead weevil<br>Corn earworm<br>Cutworms<br>Egyptian alfalfa weevil larvae<br>Essex skipper<br>European alfalfa beetle<br>Fall armyworm<br>Lygus bugs<br>Stink bugs<br>Webworms<br>Yellow striped armyworm | 1 1/5 to 1 4/5                  | 1.0 to 0.77                         | For alfalfa weevil larvae, if pretreatment damage is extensive, cut alfalfa and treat the stubble. This product is not effective against <b>adult</b> alfalfa weevils.<br><br>For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant. |
| Alfalfa weevil larvae<br>(west of the Rocky Mountains)  | 1 1/5 to 1 4/5                  | 1.0 to 0.67                         |  |
| Alfalfa weevil larvae<br>(east of the Rocky Mountains)  | 1 4/5                           | 0.67                                |  |

**RESTRICTIONS: FORAGE CROPS**

- Do not apply more than once per cutting per year.
- Do not apply within 7 days of harvest or grazing.
- Do not exceed 1 4/5 pounds (1 1/2 water soluble paks) per acre per cutting per year.
- Carbaryl may cause a temporary bleaching of tender alfalfa foliage.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

### FRUITING VEGETABLES

All members of the Fruiting Vegetable Group 8 including: Eggplant, Groundcherry, Pepinos, Pepper (includes: bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper), Tomatillo, Tomato.

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Colorado potato beetle<br>European corn borer<br>Fall armyworm<br>Lace bugs<br>Stink bugs (suppression)<br>Tarnished plant bug<br>Thrips (suppression)<br>Tomato fruitworm<br>Tomato hornworm<br>Tomato pinworm | 1 1/5 to 2 2/5                  | 1.0 to 0.5                          | Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 7 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days.<br><br>Thorough coverage is essential to effectively suppress stink bugs.<br><br>When disease transmission is suspected, monitor fields following application and retreat if reinfestation occurs but not more often than once every 7 days. |
| Flea beetles<br>Leafhoppers   | 3/5 to 1 1/5                    | 2.0 to 1.0                          | For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant.   |
| Cutworms  | 2 2/5                           | 0.5                                 |  |

**RESTRICTIONS: FRUITING VEGETABLES**

- Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 9 2/5 pounds (8 water soluble paks) per crop per year.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

### LEAFY VEGETABLES

Dandelion; Endive (escarole); Lettuce (head and leaf); Parsley; Spinach;

All members of the Leaf Petiole Vegetable Subgroup 4B including: Cardoon, Celery, Celtuce, Chinese celery, Florence fennel (including sweet anise, sweet fennel, Finocchio), Rhubarb, Swiss chard.

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Flea beetles<br>Harlequin bug<br>Leafhoppers  | 3/5 to 1 1/5                    | 2.0 to 1.0                          | Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 5 times per year but not more often than every 7 days. |
| Armyworm<br>Aster leafhopper<br>Corn earworm<br>Fall armyworm<br>Imported cabbageworm<br>Lygus bugs<br>Spittlebugs<br>Stink bugs<br>Tarnished plant bug | 1 1/5 to 2 2/5                  | 1.0 to 0.5                          |  |

**RESTRICTIONS: LEAFY VEGETABLES**

- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 7 pounds (6 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

## LEGUME VEGETABLES

**All members of the Edible Podded Legume Vegetable Subgroup 6A including:** Phaseolus sp. including runner bean, snap bean, and wax bean; Vigna sp. including asparagus bean, Chinese longbean, moth bean, and yardlong bean; Pisum sp. including dwarf pea, edible-pod pea, snow pea, sugar snap pea; Jackbean; Pigeon pea; Soybean (immature seed); Sword bean;

**All members of the Dried Shelled Legume Vegetable (except soybeans) Subgroup 6C including:** Lupinus sp. including grain lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin, and white sweet lupin; Phaseolus sp. including field bean, kidney bean, dry lima bean, navy bean, pinto bean, tepary bean; Vigna sp. including adzuki bean, blackeyed pea, catjang, cowpea, Crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, southern pea, Urd bean; Pisum sp. including dwarf pea, edible-podded pea, English pea, field pea, garden pea, green pea, snow pea, sugar snap pea; Broad bean (dry); Chickpea (dry); Guar (dry); Lablab bean (dry); Lentil (dry); Pigeon pea (dry);

**All members of the Foliage of Legume Vegetable Group 7:** Plant parts of any legume vegetables included in the legume vegetable (Crop Group 6) that will be used as animal feed;

### Soybeans

| PEST  |  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|---|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Bean leaf beetle<br>Blister beetle<br>Cucumber beetles<br>Grape colapsis<br>Green cloverworm        | Japanese beetle<br>Mexican bean beetle<br>Velvetbean caterpillar   | 3/5 to 1 1/5                    | 2.0 to 1.0                          | Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 4 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days.                         |
| Corn earworm  |  | 3/5 to 1 4/5                    | 2.0 to 0.67                         | For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant.                            |
| Alfalfa caterpillar<br>Colorado potato beetle<br>Flea beetles<br>Leafhoppers                        | Three cornered alfalfa hopper<br>Thrips<br>Western bean cutworm  | 1 1/5                           | 1.0                                 | Use lower rates for light to moderate populations and smaller instars. Use the higher rates for heavy populations and larger instars. |
| Armyworm<br>Cutworms<br>European corn borer<br>Fall armyworm  | Stink bugs<br>Tarnished plant bug<br>Webworms  | 1 1/5 to 1 4/5                  | 1.0 to 0.67                         |   |
| Alfalfa looper (suppression)<br>Cowpea curculio (suppression)<br>Painted lady (Thistle caterpillar) | Pea leaf weevil<br>Pea weevil<br>Saltmarsh caterpillar<br>Woollybean caterpillar<br>Yellowstriped armyworm | 1 4/5                           | 0.67                                |   |
| <b>California only:</b><br>Corn earworm (suppression)<br>Limabean podborer (suppression)            | Lygus bugs (suppression)<br>Stink bugs (suppression)   | 1 4/5                           | 0.67                                |   |

### RESTRICTIONS: LEGUME VEGETABLES

- Do not apply within 14 days of grazing or harvest for forage or within 3 days of harvest of fresh edible-podded beans or peas or within 21 days of harvest of dried beans or peas, seed, or hay.
- Do not apply more than a total of 7 pounds (6 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- Use on succulent, shelled peas and beans (Crop Subgroup 6B) is prohibited.
- Do not apply a combination of this product and 2,4-DB herbicides to soybeans as crop injury may result.
- Observe plant response precautions.
- Not for use on succulent shelled peas and beans.
- DO NOT USE ON LENTILS IN CALIFORNIA
- **BEE CAUTION**

For crops in bloom (except soybeans): Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. For soybeans: If application cannot be avoided when target crop or weeds are in bloom, limiting applications to times when bees are least active, e.g. within 2 hours of sunrise or sunset, will minimize risk to bees. Notifying beekeepers within 1 mile of treatment area at least 48 hours before product is applied will allow them to take additional steps to protect their bees. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

### NONCROPLAND

Conservation Reserve Program Acreage, Set-Aside Program Acreage, Wasteland, Rights-of-Way, Hedgerows, Ditchbanks, Roadsides.

| PEST                                 | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Black grass bug                      | 3/10 to 3/5                     | 3.7 to 2.0                          | Up to 2 applications per year may be made but not more often than once every 14 days.<br><br>Accurately mark swaths to avoid over-application.<br><br>*Will kill only ticks present at the time of application and directly contacted by product. |
| Mormon cricket                       | 3/5                             | 2.0                                 |   |
| Range caterpillar<br>Range crane fly | 3/5 to 1 1/5                    | 2.0 to 1.0                          |   |
| Ticks*                               | 1 1/5                           | 1.0                                 |   |

**RESTRICTIONS: NONCROPLAND**

- Do not apply within 14 days of grazing or harvest for forage or hay.
- Do not apply more than a total of 3 1/2 pounds (3 water soluble paks) per acre per year.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

### OKRA \*

| PEST                       | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Corn earworm<br>Stink bugs | 1 1/5 to 1 4/5                  | 1.0 to 0.67                         | Apply using ground equipment in sufficient volume to insure good coverage.<br><br>Apply as needed on 6 to 8 day intervals.<br><br>For grasshopper, refer to the general Grasshopper Section. |

**RESTRICTIONS: OKRA**

- Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 7 pounds (6 water soluble paks) per acre per year.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

\* Use not permitted in CA.

**PEANUTS**

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Blister beetles<br>Mexican bean beetle  | 3/5 to 1 1/5                    | 2.0 to 1.0                          | Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 5 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days.<br><br>For best results on thrips, use directed or banded sprays with hollow cone spray nozzles. Ensure adequate coverage for the underside of leaves.<br><br>For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant. |
| Alfalfa caterpillar<br>Bean leaf beetle<br>Cucumber beetle<br>Green cloverworm<br>Japanese beetle<br>Leafhoppers<br>Rednecked peanutworm<br>Three cornered alfalfa hopper<br>Thrips<br>Velvetbean caterpillar | 1 1/5                           | 1.0                                 |  |
| Armyworm<br>Corn earworm<br>Fall armyworm<br>Stink bugs<br>Webworms   | 1 1/5 to 1 4/5                  | 1.0 to 0.67                         |  |
| Whitefringed beetle adults<br>Cutworms  | 2 2/5                           | 0.5                                 |  |

**RESTRICTIONS: PEANUTS**

- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 9 2/5 pounds (8 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- Observe plant response precautions.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

**PRICKLY PEAR CACTUS \***

| PEST                       | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Cochineal scale (crawlers) | 2 2/5                           | 0.5                                 | Apply using ground equipment in sufficient volume to insure good coverage.<br><br>Apply as needed on 7 to 10 day intervals.<br><br>For grasshopper, refer to the general Grasshopper Section. |

**RESTRICTIONS: PRICKLY PEAR CACTUS**

- Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 7 pounds (6 water soluble paks) per acre per year.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

\* Use not permitted in CA.

## ROOT AND TUBER CROPS

### ROOT AND TUBER CROPS EXCEPT SUGAR BEETS AND SWEET POTATOES

All members of the Root and Tuber Vegetable Crop Group 1 except sugar beet and sweet potato: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem), Beet (garden), Beet (sugar, root), Burdock (edible), Canna (edible, Queensland arrowroot), Carrot, Cassava (bitter & sweet), Celeriac (celery root), Chayote (root), Chervil (turnip-rooted), Chicory, Chufa, Dasheen (taro), Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Parsley (turnip-rooted), Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Oriental radish (daikon), Rutabaga, Salsify (black), Salsify (oyster plant), Salsify (Spanish), Skirret, Tanier (cocoyam), Turmeric, Turnip, Yam bean (jicama, manioc pea), Yam (true)

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Flea beetles<br>Leafhoppers   | 3/5 to 1 1/5                    | 2.0 to 1.0                          | Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 6 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days.<br><br>For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant. |
| Armyworm<br>Aster leafhopper<br>Colorado potato beetle<br>Corn earworm<br>Cutworms<br>European corn borer<br>Fall armyworm<br>Lace bugs<br>Lygus bugs<br>Spittlebugs<br>Stink bugs<br>Tarnished plant bug | 1 1/5 to 2 2/5                  | 1.0 to 0.5                          |   |

**RESTRICTIONS: ROOT AND TUBER CROPS EXCEPT SUGAR BEETS AND SWEET POTATOES**

- Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 7 pounds (6 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

## SUGAR BEETS

| PEST   | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Armyworm<br>Beet leaf beetle<br>Fall armyworm<br>Flea beetles<br>Leafhoppers<br>Webworms | 1 1/5 to 1 4/5                  | 1.0 to 0.67                         | Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 2 times per year but not more often than once every 14 days.<br><br>For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant. |
| Cutworms   | 1 4/5                           | 0.67                                |  |

**RESTRICTIONS: SUGAR BEETS**

- Do not apply within 28 days of harvest for roots or forage.
- Do not apply more than a total of 3 1/2 pounds (3 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

**SWEET POTATOES**

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Corn earworm<br>Cucumber beetles<br>Flea beetles<br>Sweet potato hornworm<br>Sweet potato weevil<br>Tortoise beetles<br>Whitefringed beetle | 1 1/5 to 2 2/5                  | 1.0 to 0.5                          | For foliar sprays, repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 8 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days. |
| Yellowstriped armyworm  | 2 2/5                           | 0.5                                 |  |

**RESTRICTIONS: SWEET POTATOES**

- Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 9 2/5 pounds (8 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

## SMALL FRUITS AND BERRIES

All members of the Caneberry Subgroup 13-07A including:

**Blackberry** (*Rubus* spp. - including Andean Blackberry, Arctic blackberry, Bingleberry, Black satin berry, Boysenberry, Brombeere, California blackberry, Chesterberry, Cherokee blackberry, Cheyene blackberry, Common blackberry, Coryberry, Darrowberry, Dewberry, Dirksen thornless berry, Evergreen blackberry, Himalayaberry, Hullberry, Lavacaberry, Loganberry, Lowberry, Lucretiaberry, Mammoth blackberry, Marionberry, Mora, Mures deronce, Nectarberry, Northern dewberry, Olallieberry, Oregon evergreen berry, Phenomenalberry, Rangeberry, Ravenberry, Rossberry, Shawnee blackberry, Southern dewberry, Tayberry, Youngberry, Zarzamora, plus cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these).

**Raspberry** (*Rubus* spp. - including Bababerry, Black raspberry, Blackcap, Caneberry, Framboise, Frambueso, Himbeere, Keriberry, Mayberry, Purple raspberry, Red raspberry, Thimbleberry, Tulameen, Wild raspberry, Yellow raspberry, plus cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these).

All members of the Bushberry Subgroup 13-07B including: Aronia berry, Blueberry (*Vaccinium* spp. - highbush, lowbush and cultivars and/or hybrids of these [= all blueberry species]), Chilean guava, Currant (black, buffalo, native and red), European barberry, Gooseberry, Highbush cranberry, Honeysuckle (edible), Huckleberry, Jostaberry, Juneberry, Lingonberry, Salal, Sea buckthorn, plus cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these.

**Cranberries; Grapes; Strawberries.**

| PEST                     |                                | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| European fruit lecanium  | Rose chafer                    | 1 1/5 to 2 2/5                  | 1.0 to 0.5                          | <b>OBSERVE BEE CAUTION.</b><br>Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 5 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days.<br><br>For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant.<br><br>In grapes for grape leaffolder, apply before first brood larvae emerge from rolls. |
| European raspberry aphid | Snowy tree cricket             |                                 |                                     |  |
| Flea beetles             | Strawberry bud weevil          |                                 |                                     |  |
| Grape leaffolder         | Strawberry clipper             |                                 |                                     |  |
| Grape leafroller         | Strawberry fruitworm           |                                 |                                     |  |
| Japanese beetle          | Strawberry leafroller          |                                 |                                     |  |
| Leafhoppers              | Strawberry weevil              |                                 |                                     |  |
| Leafrollers              | Western grapeleaf skeletonizer |                                 |                                     |  |
| Meadow spittlebug        | Western yellowstriped armyworm |                                 |                                     |  |
| Omnivorous leaftier      |                                |                                 |                                     |  |
| Blueberry maggot         | Elm spanworm                   | 1 4/5 to 2 2/5                  | 0.67 to 0.5                         | In grapes, do not concentrate spray on the bunch or visible residues may result.   |
| Cherry fruitworm         | Gypsy moth                     |                                 |                                     |  |
| Cranberry fireworm       | Spaganothus worm               |                                 |                                     |  |
| Cranberry fruitworms     | Tarnished plant bug            |                                 |                                     |  |
| Cranberry twig girdler   |                                |                                 |                                     |  |
| Eight-spotted forester   | Orange tortrix                 | 2 2/5                           | 0.5                                 |  |
| Cutworms                 | Raspberry fruitworm            |                                 |                                     |  |
| Grape berry moth         | Raspberry sawfly               |                                 |                                     |  |
| June beetles             | Redbanded leafroller           |                                 |                                     |  |
| Omnivorous leafroller    | Saltmarsh caterpillar          |                                 |                                     |  |

**RESTRICTIONS: SMALL FRUITS AND BERRIES**

- Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 11 3/4 pounds (10 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- Use in cranberries may kill shrimp and crabs. Do not use in areas where these are important resources.
- Carbaryl may injure Early Dawn and Sunrise varieties of strawberries.
- For **GRAPES** only:

East of the Rocky Mountains, the restricted-entry interval (REI) = 2 days for all activities except grape girdling and cane turning.

**EXCEPTION:** the REI is 6 days for grape girdling and cane turning.

West of the Rocky Mountains, the restricted-entry interval (REI) = 6 days

- Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours for Caneberries, Bushberries, Cranberries, and Strawberries

**BEE CAUTION**

Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. If weed or cover crop bloom is present, mow orchard floor or between rows prior to applying this product. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

**SUNFLOWERS**

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Stem weevil<br>Sunflower beetle                         | 1 1/5 to 1 4/5                  | 1.0 to 0.67                         | Up to 2 applications may be made per year but not more often than once every 7 days.                       |
| Armyworm<br>Cutworms<br>Fall armyworm<br>Sunflower moth | 1 4/5                           | 0.67                                | For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant. |

**RESTRICTIONS: SUNFLOWERS**

- Do not apply within 30 days of grazing or harvest for forage or within 60 days of harvest for seed.
- Do not apply more than a total of 3 1/2 pounds (3 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.
- **DO NOT USE ON SUNFLOWER IN CALIFORNIA.**

**TOBACCO**

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Budworms<br>Fall armyworm<br>Tobacco flea beetles<br>Hornworms<br>Japanese beetle<br>June beetle<br>Suckfly | 1 1/5 to 2 2/5                  | 1.0 to 0.5                          | <b>Plant bed and Field Treatment</b><br>Repeat treatments as necessary up to a total of 4 times per year per crop but not more often than once every 7 days.<br><br>Use lower rate on young plants (up to knee height).<br>Use at least 10 gallons of prepared spray per acre.<br>Begin treatments when worms are small. |

**RESTRICTIONS: TOBACCO**

- Do not apply within 2 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 9 2/5 pounds (8 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- Observe plant response precautions.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 2 days (48 hours).
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

## TREE FRUIT CROPS

On all tree fruit crops, apply in sufficient volume for adequate coverage. This will vary depending on the pest and its severity, the tree condition, size, and density, and other factors.

### CITRUS FRUITS

**All members of the Citrus Fruit Group 10 including:** Calamondin, Citrus citron, Citrus hybrids (Citrus spp., includes chironja, tangelo and tangor), Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (tangerine), Orange (sweet and sour), Pummelo, Tangelo, Satsuma mandarin, White sapote (Casimiroa spp.), and other cultivars and/or hybrids of these.

| PEST   | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Avocado leafroller<br>California orangedog<br>Citrus cutworm<br>Fruittree leafroller<br>Orange Tortrix<br>Western tussock moth   | 2 2/5 to 3 1/2                  | 0.5 to 0.3                          | OBSERVE BEE CAUTION.<br><br>Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 8 times per crop per year but not more often than once every 14 days.  |
| Citrus rust mite<br>Eriophyid mites<br>Plant bugs<br>Scale insects<br>[Black scale, brown soft scale, California red scale (except in California), citrus snow scale, yellow scale (except in California)] | 3 1/2 to 5 9/10                 | 0.3 to 0.2                          | For scale, apply when crawlers are present.<br><br>For best results on Eriophyid mites, including citrus rust mite, apply when pest populations are low.   |
| Apopka weevil (adult)<br>Citrus root weevils (adults)<br>Fuller Rose Beetle<br>Little leaf notcher (adult)   | 5 9/10                          | 0.2                                 |  |
| <b>California only:</b><br>California red scale<br>Yellow scale  | 5 9/10<br>to<br>14 1/10         | 0.2 to 0.08                         | Do not make more than 1 application per crop per year for California red scale. Apply when crawlers are present.   |
| <b>Florida only:</b><br>Adult citrus weevils<br>(such as, <i>Diaprepes abbreviatus</i> ,<br><i>Pantomorus cervinus</i> , <i>Artipes floridanus</i> , and <i>Pachnaeus spp.</i> )                           | 5 9/10 to 9 2/5                 | 0.2 to 0.12                         | Apply as a foliar spray in adequate volume to obtain uniform coverage. May be applied by ground as a dilute or concentrate spray. Repeat application as necessary up to a total of 3 times per crop per year but not more often than once every 14 days. |

#### RESTRICTIONS: CITRUS FRUITS

- Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.
- All States including Florida and California:  
Do not apply more than a total of 23 1/2 pounds (20 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- California only:  
Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 3 days for application rates  $\geq$  5 9/10 pounds per acre (5 water soluble paks).  
Do not apply more than 14 1/10 pounds per acre (12 water soluble paks) per application.
- Florida only:  
Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours. Do not apply more than 9 2/5 pounds per acre (8 water soluble paks) per application
- All States other than Florida and California:  
Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours  
Do not apply more than 5 9/10 pounds per acre (5 water soluble paks) per application.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crop in bloom. Mowing weed or cover crop bloom prior to applying this product will reduce hazard to bees. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

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## OLIVES

| PEST                                     | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Scale insects (olive scale, black scale) | 5 9/10 to 8 4/5                 | 0.2 to 0.13                         | Up to 2 applications per crop per year may be made but not more often than once every 14 days. |

### RESTRICTIONS: OLIVES

- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 17 3/5 pounds (15 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 3 days (72 hours).
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. If weed or cover crop bloom is present, mow orchard floor or between rows prior to applying this product. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

## POME FRUITS

Members of the Pome Fruit Group 11 including: Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear, Oriental pear.

| PEST   | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| White apple leafhopper   | 3/5 to 1 4/5                    | 2.0 to 0.67                         | OBSERVE BEE CAUTION  |
| Apple aphid<br>Codling moth  | 1 1/5 to 3 1/2                  | 1.0 to 0.3                          | On apples, avoid use during the period from full bloom until 30 days after full bloom unless fruit thinning is desired. Use for pesticidal activity during this period may also result in fruit removal.   |
| Apple aphid<br>Apple maggot<br>Apple mealybug<br>Apple rust mite<br>Bagworms<br>California pearslug (pear sawfly)<br>European apple sawfly<br>Eyespotted bud moth<br>Fruittree leafroller<br>Gypsy moth<br>Japanese beetle<br>Lesser appleworm<br>Lygus bugs<br>Orange tortrix<br>Pearleaf blister mite<br>Pear psylla<br>Pear rust mite<br>Periodical cicada<br>Plum curculio<br>Redbanded leafroller<br>Rosy apply aphid<br>Scale insects (Forbes scale, Lecanium scale, San Jose scale)<br>Tarnished plant bug<br>Tentiform leafminers<br>Woolly apple aphid<br>Yellowheaded fireworm | 1 4/5 to 3 1/2                  | 0.67 to 0.3                         | Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 8 times per crop per year (including thinning sprays on apples) but not more often than once every 14 days.<br><br>For psylla, apply when eggs hatch or young nymphs are present.<br><br>For scale, apply when crawlers are present. |

**POME FRUITS  
(continued)**

| CROP                                     | PEST | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|--|------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Apples<br>Only, for<br>Fruit<br>Thinning |      | 1 1/5 to 3 1/2                  | 1.0 to 0.3                          | <p><b>OBSERVE BEE CAUTION.</b></p> <p>For easily thinned varieties: apply 3/10 to 3/5 pounds per 100 gal. of spray mixture.</p> <p>For difficult to thin varieties: apply 3/5 to 1 1/5 pounds per 100 gal. of spray mixture.</p> <p>Apply between 10 and 25 days after full bloom. Factors such as tree age, variety, nutrition, previous crop, pruning, bloom and degree of set favor excessive fruit thinning with this product. Exercise caution to avoid possible yield reduction. <b>Rates may vary depending on variety and local orchard conditions.</b></p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The use of SEVIN® 85 <del>Sprayable Carbaryl-S</del> Insecticide may result in fruit deformity under certain environmental conditions. Before using on any variety of apples, the user must weigh the risk versus benefits when using this product, particularly when using between <b>80% petal fall and 6 mm fruit size</b>. Red Delicious are more sensitive to this phenomenon and in particular, the varieties Bisbee, Red Chief and Vallee Spur are very susceptible to conditions causing fruit deformity. Precipitation and temperatures below 65° F increases the possibility of fruit deformity. The use with summer spray oils and wetting agents may increase the risk of fruit deformity and injury.</p> |

**RESTRICTIONS: POME FRUITS**

- Do not apply to quince.
- Do not use on pears between the tight flower cluster up to the 20 mm fruit size. Use during this period may result in undesirable fruit thinning and/or deformed fruit.
- Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 17 3/5 pounds (15 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- Do not make more than a total of 8 applications per crop per year.

**FOR PROTECTION OF HONEY BEES:**

- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. If weed or cover crop bloom is present, mow orchard floor or between rows prior to applying this product. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

**For Apple Thinning Use**

- Do not apply during bloom.
- Remove bee hives from orchard to be treated before applying this product. Removing bee hives from adjacent orchards will further minimize risk to bees.

**Drift Management**

For airblast application, follow the following drift management practices:

- Adjust deflectors and aiming devices so that spray is only directed into the canopy;
- Block off upward pointed nozzles when there is no overhanging canopy;
- Do not allow the spray to go beyond the edge of the cultivated area (i.e., turn off sprayer when turning at end rows);
- For applications to the outside rows, only spray inward, toward the orchard.

## STONE FRUITS

All members of the Stone Fruit Group 12 including: Apricot, Cherry (including sweet and tart), Nectarine, Peach, Plum (including Chickasaw, Damson and Japanese), Plumcot, Prune (fresh).

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE   | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|---|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| Apple pandemis<br>Black cherry aphid<br>Cherry fruitworm<br>Cherry maggot (Cherry fruit fly)<br>Codling moth<br>Cucumber beetles<br>Eastern tent caterpillar<br>Eyespotted bud moth<br>European earwig<br>Fruittree leafroller<br>Green fruitworm<br>Gypsy moth<br>Japanese beetle<br>June beetle<br>Lesser peachtree borer<br>Mealy plum aphid | Orange tortrix<br>Oriental fruit moth<br>Peach twig borer<br>Periodical cicada<br>Plum curculio<br>Prune leafhopper<br>Redbanded leafroller<br>Rose chafer<br>Scale insects<br>(Brown soft scale, Forbes scale, Lecanium scale, Olive scale, Oystershell scale, San Jose scale)<br>Tarnished plant bug<br>Tussock moth<br>Variegated leafroller | 2 2/5 to 3 1/2                      | 0.5 to 0.3   |
| Peach twig borer<br>Scale insects (Brown soft scale, Forbes scale, Lecanium scale, Olive scale, Oystershell scale, San Jose scale)  | 4 7/10 to 5 9/10  | 0.25 to 0.2                         | <b>For dormant or delayed dormant timing,</b> apply in combination with a recommended dormant oil. Refer to the dormant oil product label for additional use directions and restrictions.  |
| <b>California Only:</b><br>Black cherry aphid<br>Cherry fruitworm<br>Cherry maggot (Cherry fruit fly)<br>Codling moth<br>Cucumber beetles<br>Eyespotted bud moth<br>European earwig<br>Fruittree leafroller<br>Green fruitworm<br>Mealy plum aphid<br>Orange tortrix  | 3 1/2 to 4 7/10   | 0.3 to 0.25                         | <b>OBSERVE BEE CAUTION.</b><br>Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 3 times per crop but not more often than once every 14 days. An additional application at the dormant or delayed dormant timing may be made.<br><br>For best results on scale, apply when crawlers are present. |

### RESTRICTIONS: STONE FRUITS

- Do not apply within 3 days of harvest, except in California. In California, do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
- All States including California:
  - Do not apply more than a total of 16 1/2 pounds (14 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
  - Do not apply more than a total of 5 9/10 pounds (5 water soluble paks) per acre per year at the dormant or delayed dormant timing.
  - Do not apply more than a total of 10 3/5 pounds (9 water soluble paks) per acre per year during the production season.
- California only:
  - Do not apply more than 4 7/10 pounds per acre (4 water soluble paks) per application during the production season.
- All States other than California:
  - Do not apply more than 3 1/2 pounds per acre (3 water soluble paks) per application during the production season.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
 Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. If weed or cover crop bloom is present, mow orchard floor or between rows prior to applying this product. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

## TREE NUT CROPS

On all tree nut crops, apply in sufficient volume for adequate coverage. This will vary depending on the pest and its severity, the tree condition, size, and density, and other factors.

### PISTACHIOS

| PEST   | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Brown soft scale<br>Lecanium scale<br>Navel orangeworm | 3 1/2 to 5 9/10                 | 0.3 to 0.2                          | Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 4 times per crop per year (including any applications at the dormant or delayed dormant timing) but not more often than once every 7 days.<br><br>For scale, apply when crawlers are present. |
| Scale insects  | 4 7/10 to 5 9/10                | 0.25 to 0.2                         | <b>For dormant or delayed dormant timing,</b> apply in combination with a recommended dormant oil. Refer to the dormant oil product label for additional use directions and restrictions.   |

#### RESTRICTIONS: PISTACHIOS

- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 17 3/5 pounds (15 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year, including any application at the dormant or delayed dormant timing.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. If weed or cover crop bloom is present, mow orchard floor or between rows prior to applying this product. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

## TREE NUTS

**All members of the Tree Nut Group 14 including:** Almond, Beech nut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert (hazelnut), Hickory nut, Macadamia nut (bush nut), Pecan, Walnut [including black and English (Persian) walnuts].

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Black margined aphid<br>Calico scale<br>Codling moth<br>European fruit lecanium<br>Fall webworm<br>Filbert aphid<br>Filbert leafroller<br>Filbertworm<br>Frosted scale<br>Fruittree leafroller<br>Hickory shuckworm<br>Lesser webworm<br>Navel orangeworm<br>Peach twig borer<br>Pecan leaf phylloxera<br>Pecan stem phylloxera<br>Pecan nut casebearer<br>Pecan spittlebug<br>Pecan weevil<br>San Jose scale<br>Twig girdler<br>Walnut caterpillar | 2 2/5 to 5 9/10                 | 0.5 to 0.2                          | <p><b>OBSERVE BEE CAUTION</b><br/>                     Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 4 times per crop per year (including any applications at the dormant or delayed dormant timing) but not more often than once every 7 days.</p> <p>Use lower rates for pests attacking leaves. Use higher rates for pests attacking fruit and for higher infestations.</p> <p>For scale, apply when crawlers are present.</p> <p>For peach twig borer, best results with foliar applications have been found by making applications in "popcorn" or petal fall stages when the May brood begins to hatch.</p> <p>For navel orangeworm in almonds and walnuts, best results have been found by timing early and midseason applications to correspond with moth flight peaks.</p> <p>For filbert leafroller, best results have been found by making applications when eggs are hatching, repeating application on first appearance of moths and again 3 to 4 weeks later.</p> <p>For codling moth in walnuts, best results have been found by making applications when average cross-sectional diameters of developing nuts are 0.5 to 0.75 inches and again during middle or late June as needed.</p> |
| Chestnut weevil<br>European earwig  | 4 7/10<br>to<br>5 9/10          | 0.25 to 0.2                         | <p>For chestnut weevil, best results have been found with 4 applications at weekly intervals beginning in late July. The last application should be made prior to shuck split.</p> <p>For European earwig, thorough coverage of trunks, branches, and nuts is needed for best results.</p>   |
| <b>Almonds Only</b><br>Peach twig borer<br>Scale insects  | 4 7/10<br>to<br>5 9/10          | 0.25 to 0.2                         | <p><b>For dormant or delayed dormant timing</b>, apply in combination with a recommended dormant oil. Refer to the dormant oil product label for additional use directions and restrictions.</p>   |

### RESTRICTIONS: TREE NUTS

- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 17 3/5 pounds (15 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year, including any application at the dormant or delayed dormant timing.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
 Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. If weed or cover crop bloom is present, mow orchard floor or between rows prior to applying this product. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

### FORESTED AREAS AND RANGELAND TREES

Apply by ground in sufficient volume for adequate coverage. This will vary depending on the tree size, density and stage of growth.  
**Forested areas:** Non-urban Forests, Tree Plantations, Planted Christmas Trees, Parks, Rural Shelter Belts; **Rangeland Trees.**

| PEST                        |                                      | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Ants*                       | Maple leafcutter                     | 1 1/5                           | 1.0                                 | Observe plant response precautions.   |
| Apple aphid                 | Mealy bugs                           |                                 |                                     | Obtain thorough coverage of upper and lower leaf surfaces. The addition of a sticker may improve product performance.           |
| Armyworm                    | Mimosa webworm                       |                                 |                                     |   |
| Ash whitefly                | Nantucket pine tip moth              |                                 |                                     | To kill scale insects, treat trunks, stems and twigs in addition to plant foliage.  |
| Azalea leafminer            | Oak leafminers                       |                                 |                                     |   |
| Bagworms                    | Oak moth                             |                                 |                                     | For best results on worm, treat when pests are small.   |
| Balsam twig aphid           | Oak skeletonizer                     |                                 |                                     |   |
| Birch leafminer             | Oakworm complex                      |                                 |                                     | Make applications for maple leafcutter on sugar maple when larvae are in 2nd instar after mining and as cases are being formed. |
| Blister beetle              | Oleander caterpillar                 |                                 |                                     |   |
| Boxelder bug                | Olive ash borer                      |                                 |                                     | Repeat treatments as necessary up to a total of 2 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days.                     |
| Boxwood leafminer           | Orange-striped oakworm               |                                 |                                     |   |
| Brown tail moth             | Periodical cicada                    |                                 |                                     |   |
| Cankerworms                 | Pine looper                          |                                 |                                     |   |
| Catalpa sphinx              | Pine sawfly                          |                                 |                                     |   |
| Chiggers*                   | Pine spittlebug                      |                                 |                                     |   |
| Coolley spruce gall adelgid | Pitch pine tip moth                  |                                 |                                     |   |
| Cutworms                    | Spruce budworm                       |                                 |                                     |   |
| Cypress tip moth            | Plant bugs                           |                                 |                                     |   |
| Douglas-fir tussock moth    | Poinsettia hornworm                  |                                 |                                     |   |
| Eastern spruce gall adelgid | Psyllids                             |                                 |                                     |   |
| Elm leaf aphid              | Puss caterpillar                     |                                 |                                     |   |
| Elm leaf beetle             | Redhumped oakworm                    |                                 |                                     |   |
| Elm spanworm                | Rose aphid                           |                                 |                                     |   |
| Eriophyid mites             | Rose chafer                          |                                 |                                     |   |
| European pine shoot moth    | Rose slug                            |                                 |                                     |   |
| Fall armyworm               | Saddled prominent Sawflies (exposed) |                                 |                                     |   |
| Flea beetle                 | Scale insects (crawlers)             |                                 |                                     |   |
| Fuschia gall mite           | Sowbugs                              |                                 |                                     |   |
| Fuller rose beetle          | Spiney elm caterpillar               |                                 |                                     |   |
| Gall midges                 | Springtails                          |                                 |                                     |   |
| Gall wasps                  | Spruce needleminer                   |                                 |                                     |   |
| Greenstriped mapleworm      | Subtropical pine tip moth            |                                 |                                     |   |
| Grasshoppers                | Tent caterpillars                    |                                 |                                     |   |
| Hackberry nipplegall maker  | Thorn bug                            |                                 |                                     |   |
| Holly bud moth              | Thrips (exposed)                     |                                 |                                     |   |
| Holly leafminer             | Walnut caterpillar                   |                                 |                                     |   |
| Jackpine budworm            | Webworms                             |                                 |                                     |   |
| Japanese beetle             | Western hemlock looper               |                                 |                                     |   |
| Jeffrey pine needleminer    | Western spruce budworm               |                                 |                                     |   |
| June beetles                | Willow leaf beetles                  |                                 |                                     |   |
| Lace bugs                   | Wooly gall aphid                     |                                 |                                     |   |
| Leafhoppers                 | Yellow poplar weevil                 |                                 |                                     |   |
| Leafrollers                 |                                      |                                 |                                     |   |
| Locust borer                |                                      |                                 |                                     |   |
| Gypsy Moth                  |                                      | 4/5 to 1 1/5                    | 1.4 to 1.0                          | For gypsy moths, use the higher rate for heavy infestations.  |
| Ticks*                      |                                      | 1 1/5                           | 1.0                                 | *Will kill only pests present at the time of application and directly contacted by product.                                     |

## FORESTED AREAS AND RANGELAND TREES, CONTINUED

**Forested areas:** Non-urban Forests, Tree Plantations, Planted Christmas Trees, Parks, Rural Shelter Belts; **Rangeland Trees.**

| PEST   | RATE OF THIS PRODUCT PER GALLON                      | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|---|
| Elm bark beetle<br>Ips engraver beetles<br>Mountain pine beetle<br>Roundheaded pine beetle<br>Spruce beetle<br>Western pine beetle | 2.8 ounces per gallon<br><br>(1 pak per 6.7 gallons) | See Specific Directions             | <p><b>Direct Trunk Treatment:</b><br/>                     Effective as a preventative treatment only. Treat annually as required to prevent beetle attacks.</p> <p>Apply 1 gallon of spray per 50 square feet of bark prior to beetle flight or host-tree attack. Treat tree trunk from ground level up, until trunk diameter is less than 5 inches.</p> <p>For elm bark beetle: apply approximately 20-30 gallons of spray mixture for each 50 feet of elm tree for thorough coverage of all bark surfaces on trunks, limbs and twigs.</p> <p>Do not make more than 2 applications per year or repeat applications more often than once every six months.</p> |

**RESTRICTIONS: FORESTED AREAS AND RANGELAND TREES**

- Do not make more than 2 foliar applications and 2 direct trunk treatments per year.
- Do not use on syrup-producing sugar maples where sap is harvested.
- DO NOT ENTER OR ALLOW OTHERS TO ENTER TREATED AREAS UNTIL SPRAYS HAVE DRIED.
- **BEE CAUTION:**  
 Do not apply this product to plants in bloom.

## ORNAMENTAL TREES AND PLANTS

Apply by ground in sufficient volume for adequate coverage. This will vary depending on the plant or tree size, density, and stage of growth.

Roses, Flowers, Other Herbaceous Plants, Woody Plants, Evergreens, Shrubs.

| PEST                        |                           | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Ants*                       | Maple leafcutter          | 1 1/5                           | 1.0                                 | <p>Observe plant response precautions.</p> <p>Obtain thorough coverage of upper and lower leaf surfaces. The addition of a sticker may improve product performance.</p> <p>To kill scale insects, treat trunks, stems and twigs in addition to plant foliage.</p> <p>For best results on worm, treat when pests are small.</p> <p>Make applications for maple leafcutter on sugar maple when larvae are in 2nd instar after mining and as cases are being formed.</p> <p>Repeat treatments as necessary up to a total of 6 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days.</p> |
| Apple aphid                 | Mealy bugs                |                                 |                                     |  |
| Armyworm                    | Mimosa webworm            |                                 |                                     |  |
| Ash whitefly                | Nantucket pine tip moth   |                                 |                                     |  |
| Azalea leafminer            | Oak leafminers            |                                 |                                     |  |
| Bagworms                    | Oak moth                  |                                 |                                     |  |
| Balsam twig aphid           | Oak skeletonizer          |                                 |                                     |  |
| Birch leafminer             | Oakworm complex           |                                 |                                     |  |
| Blister beetle              | Oleander caterpillar      |                                 |                                     |  |
| Boxelder bug                | Olive ash borer           |                                 |                                     |  |
| Boxwood leafminer           | Orange-striped oakworm    |                                 |                                     |  |
| Brown tail moth             | Periodical cicada         |                                 |                                     |  |
| Cankerworms                 | Pine looper               |                                 |                                     |  |
| Catalpa sphinx              | Pine sawfly               |                                 |                                     |  |
| Chiggers*                   | Pine spittlebug           |                                 |                                     |  |
| Cooley spruce gall adelgid  | Pitch pine tip moth       |                                 |                                     |  |
| Cutworms                    | Spruce budworm            |                                 |                                     |  |
| Cypress tip moth            | Plant bugs                |                                 |                                     |  |
| Douglas-fir tussock moth    | Poinsettia hornworm       |                                 |                                     |  |
| Eastern spruce gall adelgid | Psyllids                  |                                 |                                     |  |
| Elm leaf aphid              | Puss caterpillar          |                                 |                                     |  |
| Elm leaf beetle             | Redhumped oakworm         |                                 |                                     |  |
| Elm spanworm                | Rose aphid                |                                 |                                     |  |
| Eriophyid mites             | Rose chafer               |                                 |                                     |  |
| European pine shoot moth    | Rose slug                 |                                 |                                     |  |
| Fall armyworm               | Saddled prominent         |                                 |                                     |  |
| Flea beetle                 | Sawflies (exposed)        |                                 |                                     |  |
| Fuschia gall mite           | Scale insects (crawlers)  |                                 |                                     |  |
| Fuller rose beetle          | Sowbugs                   |                                 |                                     |  |
| Gall midges                 | Spiney elm caterpillar    |                                 |                                     |  |
| Gall wasps                  | Springtails               |                                 |                                     |  |
| Greenstriped mapleworm      | Spruce needleminer        |                                 |                                     |  |
| Grasshoppers                | Subtropical pine tip moth |                                 |                                     |  |
| Hackberry nipplegall maker  | Tent caterpillars         |                                 |                                     |  |
| Holly bud moth              | Thorn bug                 |                                 |                                     |  |
| Holly leafminer             | Thrips (exposed)          |                                 |                                     |  |
| Jackpine budworm            | Walnut caterpillar        |                                 |                                     |  |
| Japanese beetle             | Webworms                  |                                 |                                     |  |
| Jeffrey pine needleminer    | Western hemlock looper    |                                 |                                     |  |
| June beetles                | Western spruce budworm    |                                 |                                     |  |
| Lace bugs                   | Willow leaf beetles       |                                 |                                     |  |
| Leafhoppers                 | Wooly gall aphid          |                                 |                                     |  |
| Leafrollers                 | Yellow poplar weevil      |                                 |                                     |  |
| Locust borer                |                           |                                 |                                     |  |
| Gypsy Moth                  |                           | 4/5 to 1 1/5                    | 1.4 to 1.0                          | For gypsy moths, use the higher rate for heavy infestations.   |
| Ticks*                      |                           | 1 1/5                           | 1.0                                 | *Will kill only pests present at the time of application and directly contacted by product.  |

## ORNAMENTAL TREES AND PLANTS, CONTINUED

Roses, Flowers, Other Herbaceous Plants, Woody Plants, Evergreens, Shrubs

| PEST   | RATE OF THIS PRODUCT PER GALLON                      | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|---|
| Elm bark beetle<br>Ips engraver beetles<br>Mountain pine beetle<br>Roundheaded pine beetle<br>Spruce beetle<br>Western pine beetle | 2.8 ounces per gallon<br><br>(1 pak per 6.7 gallons) | See Specific Directions             | <p><b>Direct Trunk Treatment:</b><br/>                     Effective as a preventative treatment only. Treat annually as required to prevent beetle attacks.</p> <p>Apply 1 gallon of spray per 50 square feet of bark prior to beetle flight or host-tree attack. Treat tree trunk from ground level up, until trunk diameter is less than 5 inches.</p> <p>For elm bark beetle: apply approximately 20-30 gallons of spray mixture for each 50 feet of elm tree for thorough coverage of all bark surfaces on trunks, limbs and twigs.</p> <p>Do not make more than 2 applications per year or repeat applications more often than once every six months.</p> |

**RESTRICTIONS: ORNAMENTAL TREES AND PLANTS**

- Do not make more than a total of 6 foliar and 2 direct trunk treatments per year.
- Do not use on syrup-producing sugar maples where sap is harvested.
- DO NOT ENTER OR ALLOW OTHERS TO ENTER TREATED AREAS UNTIL SPRAYS HAVE DRIED.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours.
- EXCEPTION: the restricted-entry interval is 18 days for ornamentals grown for cuttings (cut flowers or cut foliage) where production is in outdoor areas and where average annual rainfall is less than 25 inches a year. Notify workers of the application and restricted-entry interval by warning them orally and by posting warning signs at entrances to treated area. Note: information on average annual rainfall for your area is available from any nearby weather bureau, such as one located at a local airport or one affiliated with the National Oceanographic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA).
- **BEE CAUTION:**  
 Do not apply this product to plants in bloom.

## TURFGRASS

Apply using ground pressure-type equipment in sufficient spray volume for thorough coverage and thatch penetration.  
**Turfgrass:** golf turf, sports fields, sod farms, domestic and commercial lawns, cemeteries, parks, campsites, recreational areas.

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Ants*<br>Armyworm<br>Cutworms<br>Essex skipper<br>European chafer<br>Fall armyworm<br>Fiery skipper<br>Grasshoppers<br>Green June beetle larvae<br>Leafhoppers<br>Lucerne moth<br>Millipedes<br>Mosquitoes (adults)*<br>Scarab beetle adults<br>(May beetle, June beetle, Japanese beetle, green June beetle)<br>Sowbugs<br>Spittlebugs<br>Yellowstriped armyworm | 2 2/5 to 4 3/4                  | 1/2 to 1/4                          | <p><b>For Armyworm, Cutworm, and Fall Armyworm:</b> Do not irrigate treated areas within 24 hrs. following insecticide application.</p> <p><b>For Green June Beetle Grub (larvae):</b> Make applications when grubs are feeding near the soil surface. Water or irrigate turfgrass soon after treatment.</p> <p>Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 4 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days.</p>   |
| Ticks*  | 1 1/5                           | 1                                   | *Will kill only pests present at the time of application and directly contacted by product.   |
| Centipedes*<br>Chiggers*<br>Earwigs*  | 4 3/4                           | 1/4                                 |   |
| Chinch bugs<br>Sod Webworm (lawn moths)   | 7 to 9 2/5                      | 1/6 to 1/8                          |   |
| Bluegrass billbug larvae<br>European crane fly<br>White grubs (Japanese beetle, Chafer beetle, and <i>Phyllophaga</i> spp. larvae)<br>Black turfgrass ataenius beetle larvae<br>Hyperoides weevil (bluegrass weevil) larvae<br>Springtails  | 9 2/5                           | 1/8                                 | <p><b>For Chinch bug:</b> Treat entire grass area rather than just damaged areas. Irrigation prior to treatment will aid in penetration of insecticide into turfgrass. Do not irrigate treated areas within 24 hrs. following insecticide application.</p> <p><b>For European Crane Fly:</b> Apply in early spring, April 1 to April 15, or at timing recommended by local Agricultural Extension Service agents. Water or irrigate turfgrass within 48 hours after treatment.</p> <p><b>For White Grub:</b> Apply when grubs are feeding near the soil surface, usually during late March through May, or July through early September, or at timing recommended by local Agricultural Extension Service agents. Water or irrigate turfgrass within 48 hours after treatment. Repeat applications as necessary up to 2 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days.</p> |
| Fleas*  | 9 2/5                           | 1/8                                 | *Will kill only pests present at the time of application and directly contacted by product.   |

### RESTRICTIONS: TURFGRASS

- Do not apply more than a total of 18 4/5 pounds per acre (16 water soluble paks) per year.
- Broadcast applications to turfgrass are permitted only on golf courses, sod farms, cemeteries, and commercial landscapes. Applications to all other lawns or turf (residential settings) are limited to spot treatments.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) for harvesting sod productions (sod farms) = 24 hours.
- DO NOT ENTER OR ALLOW OTHERS TO ENTER TREATED AREAS UNTIL SPRAYS HAVE DRIED.
- Do not apply by air or chemigation
- BEE CAUTION: Do not apply this product to plants in bloom.

**SPECIFIC PESTS ACROSS MULTIPLE SITES  
GRASSHOPPERS**

All crops on this label

| PEST         | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Grasshoppers | 3/5 to 1 4/5*                   | 2.0 to 0.67                         | Apply 3/5 to 4/5 pounds per acre of this product for nymphs on small plants or sparse vegetation. Apply 1 1/5 to 1 4/5 pounds per acre for mature grasshoppers or applications to dense foliage. Be certain spray volumes are appropriate to assure adequate coverage. |

**RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: GRASSHOPPER**

- \*NOTE: Refer to individual site listings elsewhere on this label for use restrictions. Do not use rates higher than listed for the site or exceed other use restrictions.

**TICKS WHICH MAY VECTOR LYME DISEASE**

To kill juvenile and adult ticks which may vector Lyme Disease, apply in sufficient volume for thorough coverage\*. Will kill only pests that are present at the time of application and directly contacted by product.

**All crops/sites on this label including;** Pastures; Forested Areas; Wasteland, Rights-of-Way, Hedgerows, Ditchbanks, Roadsides, Set-Aside and Conservation Reserve Program Acreage; Ornamental Trees and Plants; Turfgrass\*\*

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| <i>Ixodes</i> spp.<br>(Deer tick, Bear tick, Black legged tick) | 1 1/5                           | 1.0                                 | To kill juvenile ticks, apply in late spring or early summer. To kill adult tick can be obtained with late summer and fall applications.   |
| <i>Amblyomma</i> spp.<br>(Lone star tick)                       |                                 |                                     | Treat entire area and perimeter areas where exposure to ticks may occur. Ticks may be reintroduced from surrounding areas on host animals. Retreat as necessary to maintain low population levels. |

**RESTRICTIONS: TICKS WHICH VECTOR LYME DISEASE**

- Do not make more than 4 applications per year for ticks.
- \* Refer to individual site listings elsewhere on this label for use restrictions. Do not use rates higher than listed for the site or exceed other use restrictions. If product is used to kill ticks on any use site listed on this label, the use rate must not exceed 1 1/5 pounds of this product/A (1 water soluble pak). Observe all use restrictions.
- \*\* Broadcast applications to turfgrass are permitted only on golf courses, sod farms, cemeteries, and commercial landscapes. Applications to all other lawns or turf (residential settings) are limited to spot treatments.
- DO NOT ENTER OR ALLOW OTHERS TO ENTER TREATED AREAS UNTIL SPRAYS HAVE DRIED.

### IMPORTED FIRE ANTS

All crops/sites on this label\*

| PEST                          | AMOUNT OF THIS PRODUCT PER GALLONS OF WATER | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|-------------------------------|---|---|
| Imported fire ant             | 1 pak for 66.7 gallons                      | <b>DRENCH APPLICATION:</b><br>To kill active mounds, apply a total of 2 gallons of the diluted solution over the surface of each mound or at least 1 quart per 6 inches of mound diameter using a bucket, can or other appropriate equipment. Thoroughly wet mound and surrounding areas to a 4 ft diameter (12 sq.ft.). Do not disturb mound prior to treatment. Pour solution from a height of about three feet to give sufficient force to break mound apex and flow into ant tunnels. For best results apply in cool weather (65-80°F) or in early morning or late evening hours. Repeat application if mound activity resumes after 30 days. Treat new mounds as they appear. Pressurized sprays may disturb the ants and cause migration, reducing product effectiveness. |
| Imported fire ants (foraging) | 1 pak for 66.7 gallons                      | <b>BROADCAST APPLICATION (outdoor use only)**</b><br>Treat only the growing media when using on bedding plants and avoid contact with foliage.<br>Do not make more than one application per year.   |

**RESTRICTIONS: IMPORTED FIRE ANTS**

- DO NOT ENTER OR ALLOW OTHERS TO ENTER TREATED AREAS UNTIL SPRAYS HAVE DRIED.
- FOR OUTDOOR USE ONLY. DO NOT USE IN GREENHOUSES.
- DO NOT USE ON ANY FOOD CROP NOT LISTED ON THIS LABEL. Refer to the specific site use directions elsewhere on this label for additional restrictions.

\*\* Broadcast applications to turfgrass are permitted only on golf courses, sod farms, cemeteries, and commercial landscapes. Applications to all other lawns or turf (residential settings) are limited to spot treatments

## NUISANCE PESTS

For use as a perimeter treatment to kill the listed nuisance pests.

| PEST   | GALLONS per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| Ants*<br>Bees*<br>Brown dog tick*<br>Centipedes*<br>Cockroaches*<br>Crickets<br>Darkling beetle<br>(lesser mealworm or litter beetle)<br>Earwigs<br>Firebrats<br>Fleas*<br>Millipedes<br>Scorpions*<br>Silverfish*<br>Spiders*<br>Wasps* | 13 gallons per pak            | Observe plant response precautions.<br><br>Apply as a coarse wet spray in a band 6 to 10 feet wide around the outside perimeter of buildings, contacting as many pests as possible. Confine applications to areas immediately adjacent to the building. Direct application to the outside of structure should be minimal and restricted to cracks, crevices, and areas where insects tend to congregate.<br><br>For use in and around flower beds and ornamental plantings, apply as a coarse wet spray in and around plant beds. |

### RESTRICTIONS: NUISANCE PESTS

- Do not make more than 4 applications per year. Do not apply more often than once every 7 days.
- DO NOT ENTER OR ALLOW OTHERS TO ENTER TREATED AREAS UNTIL SPRAYS HAVE DRIED.
- NOTE: Staining may occur on certain surfaces such as stucco, brick, cinder block, wood, fabrics, and carpet. Spray deposits on painted or stained surfaces of finishes (e.g., cars, house trailers, boats, etc.) should be removed immediately by washing to prevent discoloration. Avoid application to surfaces where visible spray residues are objectionable. Staining of fabrics and carpet may be permanent. For outdoor use only.
- \*Will kill only pests that are present at the time of application and directly contacted by product

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## WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF DAMAGES

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Tessengerlo Kerley, Inc. warrants only that this product conforms to the product description on the label. Except as warranted by this label, Tessenderlo Kerley, Inc. makes no representation or warranty or guarantee, whether expressed or implied, of fitness for a particular purpose of merchantability, or of product performance. Tessenderlo Kerley, Inc. does not authorize any agent or representative to make any such representation, warranty or guarantee. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Tessenderlo Kerley, Inc.'s maximum liability for breach of its warranty or for use of this product, regardless of the form of action, shall be limited to the purchase price of this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer and user acknowledge and assume all risks and disposal liability resulting from handling, storage, use and disposal of this product. If buyer does not agree with or accept these warranty and liability limitations, buyer may return the unopened container to the place of purchase for full refund. Buyer's use of this product shall constitute conclusive evidence of buyer's acknowledgement and acceptance of the forgoing limitations. Some states do not allow the exclusion of implied warranties or the limitation of certain damages, so the above may not apply. The purchase, delivery, acceptance and use of this product by the buyer are subject to the terms and conditions of seller's sales invoice for this product.

EPA 2012442420121127

Tessengerlo Kerley, Inc.  
2255 N. 44th Street, Suite 300  
Phoenix, AZ 85008 USA  
1-800-525-2803  
www.novasource.com

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**NEXT**

**LABEL**

61842-33

1/4/2013

1/39



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY  
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

Michael Kellogg  
Tessengerlo Kerley, Inc.  
c/o Pyxis Regulatory Consulting Inc.  
4110 136<sup>th</sup> St NW  
Gig Harbor, WA 98332

**NOTIFICATION**

**JAN 04 2013**

Subject: Notification of Alternate Brand Name Sevin WP85  
EPA Registration # 61842-33  
Submission Date: November 29, 2012

Dear Mr. Kellogg:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 received November 29, 2012. The Registration Division (RD) has reviewed these requests and finds that this action falls within the scope of PRN 98-10. The label submitted with the application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records. If you have any questions, please contact Jessica Rogala at (703) 347-0263 or via email at [rogala.jessica@epa.gov](mailto:rogala.jessica@epa.gov).

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "J. Rogala".

Jessica Rogala  
Environmental Protection Specialist  
Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch  
Registration Division (7505P)



United States  
Environmental Protection Agency  
Washington, DC 20460

|                                     |              |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | Registration |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | Amendment    |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Other        |

OPP Identifier Number

### Application for Pesticide - Section I

|  |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| 1. Company/Product Number<br>61842-33  | 2. EPA Product Manager<br>J. Hebert   | 3. Proposed Classification<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted |
| 4. Company/Product (Name)<br>Tessenderlo Kerley, Inc. / Sevin Brand 85 Sprayable Carbaryl Insecticide  | PM#<br>7  |  |
| 5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code)<br>Tessenderlo Kerley, Inc.<br>c/o Pyxis Regulatory Consulting, Inc.<br>4110 136th St. NW<br>Gig Harbor, WA 98332<br><br><input type="checkbox"/> Check if this is a new address | 6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3)(b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to:<br>EPA Reg. No. _____<br>Product Name _____ |  |

### Section - II

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Amendment - Explain below.                            | <input type="checkbox"/> Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated _____ | <input type="checkbox"/> "Me Too" Application.   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notification - Explain below.              | <input type="checkbox"/> Other - Explain below.  |

#### Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.)

Notification of an alternate brand name per PRN 98-10. The alternate brand name is "Sevin WP85". This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

### Section - III

|   |  |   |                   |  |                   |
|---|--|---|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| 1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:   |  |   |                   |  |                   |
| Child-Resistant Packaging<br><input type="checkbox"/> Yes<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No   | Unit Packaging<br><input type="checkbox"/> Yes<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No | Water Soluble Packaging<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes<br><input type="checkbox"/> No |                   | 2. Type of Container<br><input type="checkbox"/> Metal<br><input type="checkbox"/> Plastic<br><input type="checkbox"/> Glass<br><input type="checkbox"/> Paper<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) PVA film |                   |
| * Certification must be submitted   |  | If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt.  | No. per container | If "Yes" Package wgt.  | No. per container |
|   |  |   |                   | 1.177 lbs.   | 4                 |
| 3. Location of Net Contents Information<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Label <input type="checkbox"/> Container                                     |  | 4. Size(s) Retail Container<br>4 x 1.177 lbs.   |                   | 5. Location of Label Directions<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> On Label<br><input type="checkbox"/> On Labeling accompanying product   |                   |
| 6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lithograph Paper glued Stenciled <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ |  |   |                   |  |                   |

### Section - IV

|  |                     |  |
|--|---------------------|--|
| 1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.)  |                     |  |
| Name<br>Michael Kellogg  | Title<br>Agent      | Telephone No. (Include Area Code)<br>(253) 853-7369  |
| <b>Certification</b><br>I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law. |                     | 6. Date Application Received<br><br><b>(Stamped)</b> |
| 2. Signature<br>   | 3. Title<br>Agent   |  |
| 4. Typed Name<br>Michael Kellogg   | 5. Date<br>11/29/12 |  |

3/39

PYXIS REGULATORY CONSULTING, INC.

4110 136<sup>th</sup> St. NW  
Gig Harbor, WA 98332

Phone: 253-853-7369  
Fax: 253-853-5516  
www.PyxisRC.com

November 29, 2012

COURIER DELIVERY

John Hebert (PM 7)  
Document Processing Desk (NOTIF)  
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P)  
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency  
Room S-4900, One Potomac Yard  
2777 S. Crystal Drive  
Arlington, VA 22202-4501

RE: Tessengerlo Kerley, Inc. – Sevin Brand 85 Sprayable Carbaryl Insecticide  
(EPA Reg. No. 61842-33)  
Notification of an Alternate Brand Name per PRN 98-10

Dear Mr. Hebert,

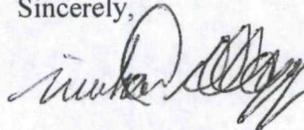
On behalf of Tessengerlo Kerley, Inc., please find the enclosed label notification adding the alternate brand name “Sevin WP85” to the Sevin Brand 85 Sprayable Carbaryl Insecticide registration.

In support of this label notification please find the enclosed documents:

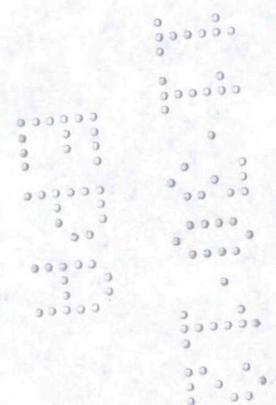
- 1. Completed Application for Registration (EPA Form 8570-1)
- 2. One (1) copy of the proposed label with changes tracked
- 3. One (1) copy of the proposed label with changes incorporated
- 4. Certification With Respect to Label Integrity
- 5. One (1) copy of proposed label on CD
- 6. Letter of Authorization

Please feel free to call me if you have any questions or need any additional information.

Sincerely,



Michael Kellogg



Enclosures

cc: B. Thomassen, Tessengerlo Kerley, Inc.

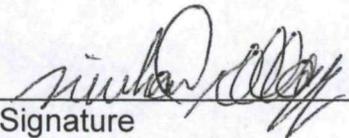
# Certification with Respect to Label Integrity

version: 9/11/02

I certify that the information (including, but not limited to, text, tables, and graphics) contained in the electronic file identified below by file name and submitted with this certification is the same information as that on the paper copies of these documents included with this submission.

| PROPOSED LABEL     |                       |   |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---|
| EPA Registration # | Date Submitted to EPA | Electronic file name                                  |
| 61842-33           | November 29, 2012     | 061842-00033.20121129.Sevin WP85 ABN notification.PDF |

I certify that the statements that I have made on this form are true, accurate, and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statements may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.

  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 Signature

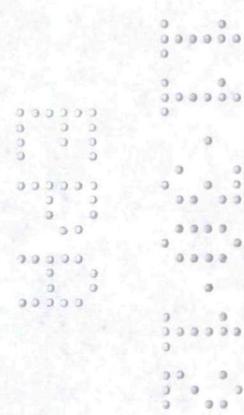
11/29/12  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date

Michael Kellogg

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name (typed)

\_\_\_\_\_  
Agent

\_\_\_\_\_  
Title



5/39

# Sevin<sup>®</sup> Brand 85 Sprayable Carbaryl Insecticide WP85

## Intended For Agricultural Use

|  |        |
|--|--------|
| ACTIVE INGREDIENT:                           | By Wt. |
| Carbaryl (1-naphthyl N-methylcarbamate)..... | 85%    |
| OTHER INGREDIENTS: .....                     | 15%    |
| TOTAL:.....                                  | 100%   |

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.  
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

**FOR TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCIES ONLY CALL 24 HOURS A DAY (800) 424-9300 (CHEMTREC)**

## FIRST AID

Carbaryl is an N-Methyl Carbamate Insecticide.

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| <b>IF SWALLOWED:</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Immediately call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> <li>• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> <li>• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul> |
| <b>IF IN EYES:</b>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>  |

**NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:** Carbaryl is an N-methyl carbamate that inhibits cholinesterase. Drugs like 2-Pam (pyridine-2-aldoxime methiodide) are not recommended. To aid in the confirmation of diagnosis, urine samples should be obtained within 24 hours of exposure and immediately frozen. Analysis will be arranged by Tessenderlo Kerley, Inc. Consultation on therapy can be obtained at all hours by calling the appropriate emergency number 1-866-374-1975 (U.S.A.)

E.P.A Reg No. 61842-33

E.P.A. Est. No. 264-MO-003

Tessenderlo Kerley, Inc.  
2255 N. 44th Street, Suite 300  
Phoenix, AZ 85008 USA  
1-800-525-2803  
www.novasource.com

**NOTIFICATION**  
JAN 04 2013

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SEVIN-85-0812



# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT

## HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS

### WARNING

May be fatal if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**OVEREXPOSURE MAY CAUSE:** Salivation, watery eyes, pinpoint eye pupils, blurred vision, muscle tremors, difficult breathing, excessive sweating, abdominal cramps, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, weakness, headache. IN SEVERE CASES CONVULSION, UNCONSCIOUSNESS AND RESPIRATORY FAILURE MAY OCCUR. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OCCUR RAPIDLY FOLLOWING OVEREXPOSURE TO THIS PRODUCT.

### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are made of any waterproof material. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Handlers applying with open cab airblast equipment at application rates equal to or greater than 5 9/10 pounds of product per acre must wear:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant headgear, and
- A NIOSH-approved dust/mist filtering respirator with NIOSH/MSHA approval number prefix TC-21C or NIOSH- approved respirator with any N, R, P or HE filter.

All other mixers, loaders, applicators, and handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves, and
- Chemical-resistant apron, when mixing, loading, or cleaning up spills or equipment.

**Aerial and chemigation applications are prohibited.**

**See engineering controls for additional requirements and exceptions.**

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

### ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Applicators using airblast equipment for application to citrus in California must use an enclosed cab that meets the definition in the Worker Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(5)] for dermal protection. In addition, such applicators must:

- wear long-sleeve shirt, long pants, shoes, and socks;
- either wear a NIOSH-approved dust/mist filtering respirator with NIOSH/MSHA approval number prefix TC-21C or a NIOSH-approved respirator with any N, R, P or HE filter or use an enclosed cab that is declared in writing by the manufacturer or by a government agency to provide at least as much respiratory protection as this type of respirator;
- be provided, have immediately available for use, and wear in an emergency when they must exit the cab in the treated area coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves, chemical-resistant footwear, and chemical-resistant headgear (if overhead exposure) plus – if not already using one – the respirator specified above—take off any PPE that was worn in the treated area before reentering the cab, and
- store all such PPE in a chemical-resistant container, such as a plastic bag, to prevent contamination of the inside of the cab.

Water-soluble packaging when used correctly qualifies as a closed mixing/loading system under the Worker Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4)]. Mixers and loaders using water soluble packets must:

- wear the personal protective equipment on this labeling for mixers/loaders, and
- be provided, have immediately available, and use in an emergency, such as a broken package, spill, or equipment breakdown, chemical-resistant footwear and a NIOSH-approved dust/mist filtering respirator with NIOSH/MSHA approval number prefix TC-21C or a NIOSH-approved respirator with any N, R, P or HE filter.

When applicators use enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240(d)(5), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

**Users should:**

- Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

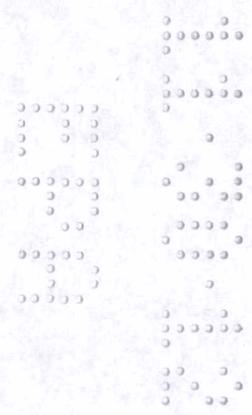
### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is extremely toxic to aquatic invertebrates. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Discharge from rice fields may kill aquatic and estuarine invertebrates. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from area treated. Drift and runoff may kill aquatic invertebrates in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water by cleaning equipment or disposal of wastes. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

**BEE CAUTION: MAY KILL HONEYBEES AND OTHER BEES IN SUBSTANTIAL NUMBERS.** This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom. Notifying beekeepers within 1 mile of treatment area at least 48 hours before product is applied will allow them to take additional steps to protect their bees. Limiting application to times when bees are least active, e.g., within 2 hours of sunrise or sunset, will minimize risk to bees.

*For crops in bloom (except soybean and corn):* Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom.

*For soybean and corn:* If application cannot be avoided when target crop or weeds are in bloom, limiting applications to times when bees are least active, e.g. within 2 hours of sunrise or sunset, will minimize risk to bees.



### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.  
Read the entire label before using this product.

Strictly observe label directions and cautions. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the Restricted-entry interval (REI). The REI for carbaryl is 12 hours unless otherwise specified in the directions for use associated with each crop.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls over short-sleeve shirt and short-pants,
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks,
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, and
- Chemical-resistant headgear if overhead exposure.

When the Restricted-Entry Interval for a crop is 7 days or longer, you must notify workers of the application by warning them orally and by posting warning signs at entrances to treated area.

#### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

##### PESTICIDE STORAGE

Store unused SEVIN® brand 85 Sprayable Carbaryl Insecticide WP85 in original container only, in cool, dry area out of reach of children and animals. Do not store in areas where temperatures frequently exceed 100° F.

If container is damaged, before cleaning up, put on Personal Protective Equipment.

##### PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Open dumping is prohibited. Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

##### CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Once outer bag of water soluble packets is empty, offer for recycling, if available, or dispose of in the trash as long as water soluble packets are unbroken, or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If bag is burned, stay out of smoke.

### INFORMATION AND RESTRICTIONS

SEVIN® brand 85 Sprayable Carbaryl Insecticide WP85 is a dry powder formulation of SEVIN® brand carbaryl insecticide and is packaged in water soluble paks. Each pak contains 1.177 lbs of formulated product. Do not sell individual water soluble paks. Do not handle inner bag with wet hands or gloves. Do not allow paks to become wet prior to adding to the spray tank. Handle outer container (over wrap bag) carefully to avoid breakage of inner soluble paks. Always reseal outer container (over wrap bag) in a manner that protects remaining paks from moisture. Do not remove the WSPs from the container except for immediate use. Use the entire contents of a WSP, do not break open to use partial contents of a WSP.

This product readily disperses in water to form a spray which may be applied by ground.

Aerial and chemigation applications are prohibited.

### PLANT RESPONSE PRECAUTIONS

Application to wet foliage or during periods of high humidity may cause injury to tender foliage.

Do not use on Boston Ivy, Virginia creeper and maidenhair fern as injury may result. Carbaryl may also injure Virginia and sand pines.

The use of adjuvants may increase the potential for crop injury to sensitive crops.

### PREHARVEST AND GRAZING RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

For all listed crops and uses, do not apply at greater rates or at more frequent intervals than stated on the label. If forage is grazed or used as feed for dairy and meat animals, follow all use restrictions in order to avoid illegal residues in crops, meat or milk. Do not use reclaimed irrigation water from crops treated with carbaryl on crops for which carbaryl tolerances are not established.

### APPLICATION STATEMENTS

Calibrate and adjust application equipment to insure proper rate and accurate placement. To clean spray system after use, drain and flush with a water and detergent mixture. Rinse thoroughly with clean water. Refer to the Storage and Disposal section for disposal instructions.

**NOTE: Staining may occur on certain surfaces such as stucco, brick, cinder block, and wood. Spray deposits on painted or stained surfaces or finishes (i.e., cars, houses, trailers, boats, etc.) should be immediately removed by washing to prevent discoloration. Avoid applications to surfaces where visible spray residues are objectionable. For outdoor use only.**

### RESISTANT SPECIES NOTICE

All references to armyworm on the crops listed below refer to the species, *Pseudaletia unipuncta*, often called the "true armyworm". Except where indicated otherwise, this product is not registered for the protection against other armyworm species. Regional differences have been noted in the susceptibility of certain strains of fall armyworm, diamondback moth, Colorado potato beetle and Southern green stink bug to carbaryl. If local experience indicates inadequate product performance, use an alternative pesticide.

### MIXING, LOADING AND HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS

Remove oil, rust, scale, pesticide residues and other foreign matter from mix tanks and entire spray system. Flush with clean water. Consult the Specific Use Directions section of this label to determine the number of paks and spray volume required. Fill the mixing tank partially (1/2 to 3/4) with water. With the agitator on, slowly add the required number of unopened paks of SEVIN® brand 85 Sprayable Carbaryl Insecticide WP85 into the mixing tank. Allow all the water soluble paks to dissolve and completely disperse. Depending upon the water temperature and the degree of agitation, the water soluble paks should be completely dissolved within 3 – 5 minutes. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water. Do not put water soluble paks close to the recirculating inlet and outlet, as they may block the line before completely dissolved. Prepare only as much spray mixture as can be applied on the day of mixing. Do not use partial water soluble paks. MAINTAIN CONTINUOUS AGITATION DURING MIXING AND APPLICATION TO ASSURE A UNIFORM SUSPENSION. DO NOT STORE SPRAY MIXTURE FOR PROLONGED PERIODS OR DEGRADATION OF CARBARYL MAY OCCUR. Local water conditions may also accelerate the degradation of spray mixtures containing carbaryl. See COMPATIBILITY STATEMENT below.

### TANK MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Once the water soluble paks have completely dissolved, add other products in the following order: wettable powder, dry flowable (wetable granules), liquid flowable, liquids, and EC's. Always allow each tank mix partner to disperse fully before adding the next product.

### COMPATIBILITY INFORMATION

SEVIN® brand 85 Sprayable Carbaryl Insecticide WP85, when diluted with at least an equal volume of water, is compatible with a wide range of pesticides. It is not compatible with diesel fuel, kerosene, fuel oil or aromatic solvents. If compatibility with another product and the resulting crop response is unknown, the mixture should be tested on a small scale. Curdling, precipitation, greasing, layer formation or increased viscosity are symptoms of incompatibility. Incompatibility will reduce product performance and may cause application and handling difficulties or plant injury. Observe all cautions and limitations on labeling of all products used in mixtures. WHEN PREPARING COMBINATION SPRAYS, FIRST ADD SEVIN® BRAND 85 SPRAYABLE CARBARYL INSECTICIDE WP85 TO AT LEAST AN EQUAL VOLUME OF WATER, MIX THOROUGHLY, AND THEN ADD COMBINATION PRODUCTS TO THE MIXTURE.

DO NOT APPLY TANK MIX COMBINATIONS UNLESS YOUR PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE INDICATES THE MIXTURE IS EFFECTIVE AND WILL NOT RESULT IN APPLICATION PROBLEMS OR PLANT INJURY.

Carbaryl is unstable under highly alkaline conditions and mixtures with strong bases, such as Bordeaux, lime-sulfur and casein-lime spreaders, will result in chemical degradation of the insecticide. Do not use this product in water with pH values above 8.0 unless a buffer is added. If necessary, water should be buffered to neutral (pH = 7.0) before adding this product to the spray tank. Overhead irrigation with alkaline or muddy water after application will also accelerate chemical degradation and may result in reduced product performance.

**APPLICATION PROCEDURES**

On all crops use sufficient gallonage to obtain thorough and uniform coverage. Observe crop label instructions for specific directions regarding spray volume where they occur. Calibrate spray equipment to deliver the required volume. Use of 50 mesh slotted strainers in spray system and 25 mesh slotted strainers behind nozzles is recommended.

**GROUND APPLICATION**

Apply in sufficient volume for adequate coverage on all crops and sites.

**SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS**

**USE SITES:**

- Asparagus
- Brassica Leafy Vegetables
- Cereal Grain Crops (Field and Pop Corn; Grain Sorghum; Rice; Sweet Corn)
- Cucurbit Vegetables
- Flax
- Forage Crops (Alfalfa, Clovers, Birdsfoot Trefoil)
- Fruiting Vegetables
- Leafy Vegetables (Dandelion, Endive, Lettuce, Parsley, Spinach; Leaf Petiole Subgroup 4B)
- Legume Vegetables (Edible-Podded Legume Vegetables; Dried Shelled Peas and Beans (except Soybean); Soybeans; Foliage of Legume Vegetables)
- Noncropland (Conservation Reserve Program; Set-Aside Program Acreage; Wasteland; Rights-of-Way; Hedgerows; Ditchbanks; Roadsides)
- Okra
- Peanuts
- Prickly Pear Cactus
- Root and Tuber Crops (Root and Tuber Crops except Sugar Beets and Sweet Potatoes; Sugar Beets; Sweet Potatoes)
- Small Fruits and Berries (Bushberries, Caneberries, Cranberries, Grapes, Strawberries)
- Sunflower
- Tobacco
- Tree Fruit Crops (Citrus Fruits; Olives; Pome Fruits; Stone Fruits)
- Tree Nut Crops (Pistachios; Tree Nuts)
- Forested Areas and Rangeland Trees
- Ornamental Trees and Plants
- Turfgrass
- Specific Pests Across Multiple Sites
  - Grasshoppers
  - Ticks which Vector Lyme Disease
  - Imported Fire Ants
  - Nuisance Pests

**APPLICATION TIMING AND DIRECTIONS**

Begin application when insect populations reach recognized economic threshold levels. Consult the Cooperative Extension Service, Consultants, or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate threshold levels and timing for treatment in your area. Where a dosage range is indicated, use the lower rate on light to moderate infestations, young plants and early instars and use the higher rate on heavy infestations, mature plants, advanced instars and adults. Thorough and uniform spray coverage is essential for adequate product performance.

**EACH WATER SOLUBLE PAK CONTAINS 1.177 POUNDS OF FORMULATED PRODUCT (1.0 POUND ACTIVE INGREDIENT).**

ASPARAGUS

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Apache cicada<br>Asparagus beetle<br>Cutworms | 1 1/5                           | 1.0                                 | Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 3 times prior to harvest or a total of 5 applications per year to spears and ferns combined. Do not apply more often than once every 3 days.<br><br>For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant. |
|   | 2 2/5                           | 0.5                                 | <b>Application to ferns or brush growth following harvest of spears:</b> Repeat applications as necessary but not more often than every 3 days. Do not make more than a total of 5 applications per year to spears and ferns combined  |

RESTRICTIONS: ASPARAGUS

- Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 3 1/2 pounds (3 water soluble paks) per acre before harvest of spears.
- Do not apply more than a total of 5 9/10 pounds (5 water soluble paks) per acre per year.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

BRASSICA LEAFY VEGETABLES CROPS

All members of the Brassica Leafy Vegetable Group 5 including: Broccoli, Broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Cavalo broccolo, Chinese broccoli (gai lon), Chinese cabbage (bok choy), Chinese cabbage (napa), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard greens, Mustard spinach, Rape greens, Turnip greens.

| PEST   | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Flea beetles<br>Harlequin bug<br>Leafhoppers   | 3/5 to 1 1/5                    | 2.0 to 1.0                          | Repeat applications as needed up to a total of 4 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days. |
| Armyworm<br>Aster leafhopper<br>Corn earworm<br>Diamondback moth<br>Fall armyworm<br>Imported cabbageworm<br>Lygus bugs<br>Spittle bugs<br>Stink bugs<br>Tarnished plant bug | 1 1/5 to 2 2/5                  | 1.0 to 0.5                          |  |

RESTRICTIONS: BRASSICA LEAFY VEGETABLES

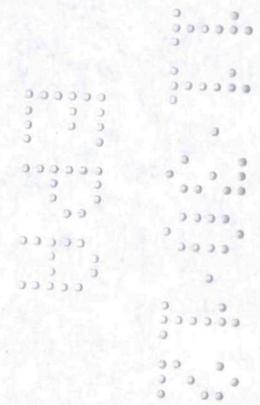
- For Head and Stem Brassica subgroup 5A [including Broccoli, Chinese broccoli (*gai lon*), Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese cabbage (*napa*), Chinese mustard cabbage (*gai choy*), Cauliflower, Cavalo broccolo, and Kohlrabi], do not apply within 3 days of harvest.
- For Leafy Brassica Greens subgroup 5B [Broccoli raab (*rapini*), Chinese cabbage (*bok choy*), Collards, Kale, Mizuna, Mustard greens, Mustard spinach, Rape greens, and Turnip greens], do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 7 pounds (6 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- Application is permitted only within 30 days from the date of crop emergence or the date of transplanting
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

**CEREAL GRAIN CROPS  
FIELD CORN AND POPCORN**

| PEST   | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Armyworm<br>Chinch bugs<br>Corn earworm<br>Corn rootworm adults<br>Fall armyworm<br>Flea beetles<br>Japanese beetle<br>Sap beetles<br>Southwestern corn borer<br>Leafhoppers | 1 1/5 to 2 2/5                  | 1.0 to 0.5                          | OBSERVE BEE CAUTION.<br><br>Repeat applications as needed up to a total of 4 times per year but not more often than once every 14 days.<br><br>Good timing and good coverage are essential for effective product performance.<br><br>For best results on chinch bug, use ground equipment to apply at least 20 gallons of water per acre and direct spray toward stalk to provide thorough coverage.   |
| European corn borer  | 1 4/5 to 2 2/5                  | 0.67 to 0.5                         | For best results on European corn borer, do not apply in less than 15 gallons of water per acre.   |
| Western bean cutworm<br>Cutworms   | 2 2/5                           | 0.5                                 | For western bean cutworm, treat when infestation averages 15% and at 90 to 100% tassel emergence. Treatment after 100% silk emergence will reduce effectiveness.<br><br>For best results on cutworm, apply in a 12-inch band, over the row, using sufficient volume of water to obtain thorough coverage. Apply by ground in at least 20 gallons of water per acre. For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant. |

**RESTRICTIONS: FIELD AND POP CORN**

- Do not apply within 48 days of harvest of grain and fodder or within 14 days of harvest or grazing of forage or silage.
- Do not apply more than a total of 9 2/5 pounds per acre (8 water soluble paks) per crop per year.
- Hand harvesting is prohibited.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 24 hours  
EXCEPTION: the REI is 21 days for workers detasseling corn.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
For corn: If application cannot be avoided when target crop or weeds are in bloom, limiting applications to times when bees are least active, e.g. within 2 hours of sunrise or sunset, will minimize risk to bees. Notifying beekeepers within 1 mile of treatment area at least 48 hours before product is applied will allow them to take additional steps to protect their bees. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.



### GRAIN SORGHUM

| PEST   | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Armyworm<br>Chinch bugs<br>Corn earworm<br>Fall armyworm<br>Stink bugs<br>Webworms | 1 1/5 to 2 2/5                  | 1.0 to 0.5                          | Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 4 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days.<br><br>Direct spray into forming heads for best results on insects attacking heads. |
| Southwestern corn borer  | 1 4/5                           | 0.67                                | For best results on chinch bug, use high gallonage ground application at the base of plants.  |
| Cutworms   | 2 2/5                           | 0.5                                 | For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant.  |

**RESTRICTIONS: GRAIN SORGHUM**

- Do not apply within 21 days of harvest for grain or fodder or within 14 days of harvest or grazing of forage or silage.
- Do not apply more than a total of 7 pounds per acre (6 water soluble paks) per crop per year.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

### RICE

| PEST   | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Armyworms<br>Chinch bugs<br>Fall armyworm<br>Leafhoppers<br>Stink bugs | 1 1/5 to 1 4/5                  | 1.0 to 0.67                         | Up to 2 applications per crop per year may be made but not more often than once every 7 days.   |
| Tadpole shrimp   | 1 4/5                           | 0.67                                | <b>California only</b><br>Up to 2 applications per crop per year may be made but not more often than once every 7 days. For best results on tadpole shrimp, apply to water when pest first appears. |

**RESTRICTIONS: RICE**

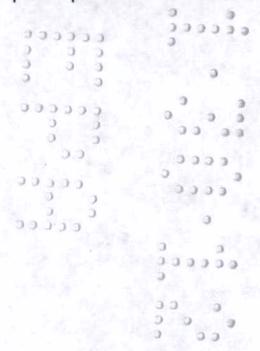
- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest for grain or straw.
- Do not apply more than a total of 3 1/2 pounds (3 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- Discharge from treated rice fields may kill shrimp, crabs, and crayfish.
- Do not apply propanil herbicides within 15 days before or after application of this product or plant injury will result.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

### SWEET CORN

| PEST   | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Armyworm<br>Chinch bugs<br>Corn earworm<br>Corn rootworm adults<br>Fall armyworm<br>Flea beetles<br>Japanese beetle<br>Sap beetles<br>Southwestern corn borer<br>Leafhoppers | 1 1/5 to 2 2/5                  | 1.0 to 0.5                          | <p><b>OBSERVE BEE CAUTION</b></p> <p>Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 8 times per year but not more often than once every 3 days.</p> <p>Good timing and good coverage are essential for effective product performance.</p> <p>For insects attacking silks and ears, insecticide sprays should be applied starting when first silks appear and continuing until silks begin to dry. During silking, the minimum retreatment interval (3 days) may not provide adequate levels of protection under conditions of rapid growth or severe pest pressure. The use of an alternative product should be considered in conjunction with this product.</p> <p>For best results on chinch bug, use ground equipment to apply at least 20 gallons of water per acre and direct spray toward stalk to provide thorough coverage.</p> <p>For best results on European corn borer, do not apply in less than 15 gallons of water per acre.</p> <p>For western bean cutworm, treat when infestation average 15% and at 90 to 100% tassel emergence. Treatment after 100% silk emergence will reduce effectiveness.</p> <p>For best results on cutworm, apply in a 12-inch band, over the row, using sufficient volume of water to obtain thorough coverage. For broadcast application, use at least 20 gallons of water per acre.</p> <p>For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant.</p> |
| European corn borer  | 1 4/5 to 2 2/5                  | 0.67 to 0.5                         |  |
| Western bean cutworm<br>Cutworms   | 2 2/5                           | 0.5                                 |  |

**RESTRICTIONS: SWEET CORN**

- Do not apply within 2 days of harvest of ears, within 14 days of harvest or grazing of forage, or within 48 days of harvest of fodder.
- Do not apply more than a total of 18 4/5 pounds (16 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- Hand harvesting is prohibited.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 24 hours  
EXCEPTION: the REI is 21 days for workers detasseling corn.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
For corn: If application cannot be avoided when target crop or weeds are in bloom, limiting applications to times when bees are least active, e.g. within 2 hours of sunrise or sunset, will minimize risk to bees. Notifying beekeepers within 1 mile of treatment area at least 48 hours before product is applied will allow them to take additional steps to protect their bees. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.



### CUCURBIT VEGETABLES

**All members of the Cucurbit Vegetable Group 9 including:** chayote (fruit), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), Citron melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourd (edible, includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra), *Momordica* spp. (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, Chinese cucumber), Muskmelon (hybrids and/or cultivars of *Cucumis melo* including true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, Crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon), Pumpkin, Squash (includes summer squash types such as: crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini, and winter squash types such as acorn squash, butternut squash, calabaza, cushaw, Hubbard squash, spaghetti squash), Watermelon (includes hybrids and/or varieties of *Citrullus lanatus*).

| PEST   | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Pickleworm<br>Melonworm  | 3/5 to 1 1/5                    | 2.0 to 1.0                          | Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 6 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days                              |
| Cucumber beetles<br>Flea beetles<br>Leafhoppers<br>Squash bugs | 1 1/5                           | 1.0                                 | For best results on squash bugs, apply sufficient spray volume for thorough coverage and time sprays for early morning or late afternoon. |

**RESTRICTIONS: CUCURBIT VEGETABLES**

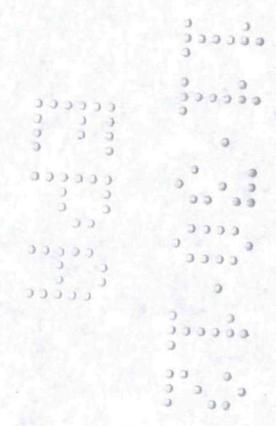
- Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 7 pounds (6 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- Observe plant response precautions.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

### FLAX

| PEST     | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|----------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Armyworm | 1 1/5 to 1 4/5                  | 1.0 to 0.67                         | Up to 2 applications per crop per year may be made but not more often than once every 14 days. |

**RESTRICTIONS: FLAX**

- DO NOT USE IN CALIFORNIA.
- Do not apply within 42 days of harvest for seed or straw.
- Do not apply more than a total of 3 1/2 pounds (3 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

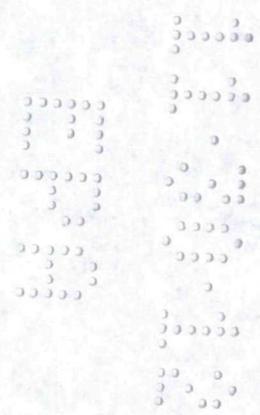


## FORAGE CROPS ALFALFA, CLOVERS, AND BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Blister beetles<br>Mexican bean beetle  | 3/5 to 1 1/5                    | 2.0 to 1.0                          | <b>OBSERVE BEE CAUTION.</b><br><br>Observe plant response precautions.<br><br>On dense growth, use 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre with ground equipment to ensure adequate coverage.   |
| Alfalfa caterpillar<br>Bean leaf beetle<br>Cucumber beetles<br>Green cloverworm<br>Japanese beetle<br>Leafhoppers<br>Potato leafhopper<br>Three cornered alfalfa hopper<br>Thrips<br>Velvetbean caterpillar   | 1 1/5                           | 1.0                                 |  |
| Alfalfa blotch leafminer<br>Armyworm<br>Cloverhead weevil<br>Corn earworm<br>Cutworms<br>Egyptian alfalfa weevil larvae<br>Essex skipper<br>European alfalfa beetle<br>Fall armyworm<br>Lygus bugs<br>Stink bugs<br>Webworms<br>Yellow striped armyworm | 1 1/5 to 1 4/5                  | 1.0 to 0.77                         | For alfalfa weevil larvae, if pretreatment damage is extensive, cut alfalfa and treat the stubble. This product is not effective against <b>adult</b> alfalfa weevils.<br><br>For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant. |
| Alfalfa weevil larvae<br>(west of the Rocky Mountains)  | 1 1/5 to 1 4/5                  | 1.0 to 0.67                         |  |
| Alfalfa weevil larvae<br>(east of the Rocky Mountains)  | 1 4/5                           | 0.67                                |  |

**RESTRICTIONS: FORAGE CROPS**

- Do not apply more than once per cutting per year.
- Do not apply within 7 days of harvest or grazing.
- Do not exceed 1 4/5 pounds (1 1/2 water soluble paks) per acre per cutting per year.
- Carbaryl may cause a temporary bleaching of tender alfalfa foliage.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.



## FRUITING VEGETABLES

**All members of the Fruiting Vegetable Group 8 including:** Eggplant, Groundcherry, Pepinos, Pepper (includes: bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper), Tomatillo, Tomato.

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Colorado potato beetle<br>European corn borer<br>Fall armyworm<br>Lace bugs<br>Stink bugs (suppression)<br>Tarnished plant bug<br>Thrips (suppression)<br>Tomato fruitworm<br>Tomato hornworm<br>Tomato pinworm | 1 1/5 to 2 2/5                  | 1.0 to 0.5                          | Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 7 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days.<br><br>Thorough coverage is essential to effectively suppress stink bugs.<br><br>When disease transmission is suspected, monitor fields following application and retreat if reinfestation occurs but not more often than once every 7 days. |
| Flea beetles<br>Leafhoppers   | 3/5 to 1 1/5                    | 2.0 to 1.0                          | For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant.   |
| Cutworms  | 2 2/5                           | 0.5                                 |  |

### RESTRICTIONS: FRUITING VEGETABLES

- Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 9 2/5 pounds (8 water soluble paks) per crop per year.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

## LEAFY VEGETABLES

**Dandelion; Endive (escarole); Lettuce (head and leaf); Parsley; Spinach;**

**All members of the Leaf Petiole Vegetable Subgroup 4B including:** Cardoon, Celery, Celtuce, Chinese celery, Florence fennel (including sweet anise, sweet fennel, Finocchio), Rhubarb, Swiss chard.

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Flea beetles<br>Harlequin bug<br>Leafhoppers  | 3/5 to 1 1/5                    | 2.0 to 1.0                          | Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 5 times per year but not more often than every 7 days. |
| Armyworm<br>Aster leafhopper<br>Corn earworm<br>Fall armyworm<br>Imported cabbageworm<br>Lygus bugs<br>Spittlebugs<br>Stink bugs<br>Tarnished plant bug | 1 1/5 to 2 2/5                  | 1.0 to 0.5                          |  |

### RESTRICTIONS: LEAFY VEGETABLES

- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 7 pounds (6 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

## LEGUME VEGETABLES

**All members of the Edible Podded Legume Vegetable Subgroup 6A including:** Phaseolus sp. including runner bean, snap bean, and wax bean; Vigna sp. including asparagus bean, Chinese longbean, moth bean, and yardlong bean; Pisum sp. including dwarf pea, edible-pod pea, snow pea, sugar snap pea; Jackbean; Pigeon pea; Soybean (immature seed); Sword bean;

**All members of the Dried Shelled Legume Vegetable (except soybeans) Subgroup 6C including:** Lupinus sp. including grain lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin, and white sweet lupin; Phaseolus sp. including field bean, kidney bean, dry lima bean, navy bean, pinto bean, tepary bean; Vigna sp. including adzuki bean, blackeyed pea, catjang, cowpea, Crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, southern pea, Urd bean; Pisum sp. including dwarf pea, edible-podded pea, English pea, field pea, garden pea, green pea, snow pea, sugar snap pea; Broad bean (dry); Chickpea (dry); Guar (dry); Lablab bean (dry); Lentil (dry); Pigeon pea (dry);

**All members of the Foliage of Legume Vegetable Group 7:** Plant parts of any legume vegetables included in the legume vegetable (Crop Group 6) that will be used as animal feed;

### Soybeans

| PEST  |  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|---|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Bean leaf beetle<br>Blister beetle<br>Cucumber beetles<br>Grape colapsis<br>Green cloverworm        | Japanese beetle<br>Mexican bean beetle<br>Velvetbean caterpillar   | 3/5 to 1 1/5                    | 2.0 to 1.0                          | Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 4 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days.<br><br>For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant. |
| Corn earworm  |  | 3/5 to 1 4/5                    | 2.0 to 0.67                         |   |
| Alfalfa caterpillar<br>Colorado potato beetle<br>Flea beetles<br>Leafhoppers                        | Three cornered alfalfa hopper<br>Thrips<br>Western bean cutworm  | 1 1/5                           | 1.0                                 | Use lower rates for light to moderate populations and smaller instars. Use the higher rates for heavy populations and larger instars.   |
| Armyworm<br>Cutworms<br>European corn borer<br>Fall armyworm  | Stink bugs<br>Tarnished plant bug<br>Webworms  | 1 1/5 to 1 4/5                  | 1.0 to 0.67                         |   |
| Alfalfa looper (suppression)<br>Cowpea curculio (suppression)<br>Painted lady (Thistle caterpillar) | Pea leaf weevil<br>Pea weevil<br>Saltmarsh caterpillar<br>Woollybean caterpillar<br>Yellowstriped armyworm | 1 4/5                           | 0.67                                |   |
| <b>California only:</b><br>Corn earworm (suppression)<br>Limabean podborer (suppression)            | Lygus bugs (suppression)<br>Stink bugs (suppression)   | 1 4/5                           | 0.67                                |   |

### RESTRICTIONS: LEGUME VEGETABLES

- Do not apply within 14 days of grazing or harvest for forage or within 3 days of harvest of fresh edible-podded beans or peas or within 21 days of harvest of dried beans or peas, seed, or hay.
- Do not apply more than a total of 7 pounds (6 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- Use on succulent, shelled peas and beans (Crop Subgroup 6B) is prohibited.
- Do not apply a combination of this product and 2,4-DB herbicides to soybeans as crop injury may result.
- Observe plant response precautions.
- Not for use on succulent shelled peas and beans.
- DO NOT USE ON LENTILS IN CALIFORNIA
- **BEE CAUTION**

For crops in bloom (except soybeans): Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. For soybeans: If application cannot be avoided when target crop or weeds are in bloom, limiting applications to times when bees are least active, e.g. within 2 hours of sunrise or sunset, will minimize risk to bees. Notifying beekeepers within 1 mile of treatment area at least 48 hours before product is applied will allow them to take additional steps to protect their bees. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

**NONCROPLAND**

Conservation Reserve Program Acreage, Set-Aside Program Acreage, Wasteland, Rights-of-Way, Hedgerows, Ditchbanks, Roadsides.

| PEST                                 | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Black grass bug                      | 3/10 to 3/5                     | 3.7 to 2.0                          | Up to 2 applications per year may be made but not more often than once every 14 days.<br><br>Accurately mark swaths to avoid over-application.<br><br>*Will kill only ticks present at the time of application and directly contacted by product. |
| Mormon cricket                       | 3/5                             | 2.0                                 |   |
| Range caterpillar<br>Range crane fly | 3/5 to 1 1/5                    | 2.0 to 1.0                          |   |
| Ticks*                               | 1 1/5                           | 1.0                                 |   |

**RESTRICTIONS: NONCROPLAND**

- Do not apply within 14 days of grazing or harvest for forage or hay.
- Do not apply more than a total of 3 1/2 pounds (3 water soluble paks) per acre per year.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

**OKRA \***

| PEST                       | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Corn earworm<br>Stink bugs | 1 1/5 to 1 4/5                  | 1.0 to 0.67                         | Apply using ground equipment in sufficient volume to insure good coverage.<br><br>Apply as needed on 6 to 8 day intervals.<br><br>For grasshopper, refer to the general Grasshopper Section. |

**RESTRICTIONS: OKRA**

- Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 7 pounds (6 water soluble paks) per acre per year.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

\* Use not permitted in CA.



**PEANUTS**

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Blister beetles<br>Mexican bean beetle  | 3/5 to 1 1/5                    | 2.0 to 1.0                          | Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 5 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days.<br><br>For best results on thrips, use directed or banded sprays with hollow cone spray nozzles. Ensure adequate coverage for the underside of leaves.<br><br>For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant. |
| Alfalfa caterpillar<br>Bean leaf beetle<br>Cucumber beetle<br>Green cloverworm<br>Japanese beetle<br>Leafhoppers<br>Rednecked peanutworm<br>Three cornered alfalfa hopper<br>Thrips<br>Velvetbean caterpillar | 1 1/5                           | 1.0                                 |  |
| Armyworm<br>Corn earworm<br>Fall armyworm<br>Stink bugs<br>Webworms   | 1 1/5 to 1 4/5                  | 1.0 to 0.67                         |  |
| Whitefringed beetle adults<br>Cutworms  | 2 2/5                           | 0.5                                 |  |

**RESTRICTIONS: PEANUTS**

- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 9 2/5 pounds (8 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- Observe plant response precautions.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

**PRICKLY PEAR CACTUS \***

| PEST                       | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Cochineal scale (crawlers) | 2 2/5                           | 0.5                                 | Apply using ground equipment in sufficient volume to insure good coverage.<br><br>Apply as needed on 7 to 10 day intervals.<br><br>For grasshopper, refer to the general Grasshopper Section. |

**RESTRICTIONS: PRICKLY PEAR CACTUS**

- Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 7 pounds (6 water soluble paks) per acre per year.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

\* Use not permitted in CA.

## ROOT AND TUBER CROPS

### ROOT AND TUBER CROPS EXCEPT SUGAR BEETS AND SWEET POTATOES

All members of the Root and Tuber Vegetable Crop Group 1 except sugar beet and sweet potato: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem), Beet (garden), Beet (sugar, root), Burdock (edible), Canna (edible, Queensland arrowroot), Carrot, Cassava (bitter & sweet), Celeriac (celery root), Chayote (root), Chervil (turnip-rooted), Chicory, Chufa, Dasheen (taro), Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Parsley (turnip-rooted), Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Oriental radish (daikon), Rutabaga, Salsify (black), Salsify (oyster plant), Salsify (Spanish), Skirret, Tanier (cocoyam), Turmeric, Turnip, Yam bean (jicama, manioc pea), Yam (true)

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Flea beetles<br>Leafhoppers   | 3/5 to 1 1/5                    | 2.0 to 1.0                          | Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 6 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days.<br><br>For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant. |
| Armyworm<br>Aster leafhopper<br>Colorado potato beetle<br>Corn earworm<br>Cutworms<br>European corn borer<br>Fall armyworm<br>Lace bugs<br>Lygus bugs<br>Spittlebugs<br>Stink bugs<br>Tarnished plant bug | 1 1/5 to 2 2/5                  | 1.0 to 0.5                          |   |

**RESTRICTIONS: ROOT AND TUBER CROPS EXCEPT SUGAR BEETS AND SWEET POTATOES**

- Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 7 pounds (6 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

### SUGAR BEETS

| PEST   | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Armyworm<br>Beet leaf beetle<br>Fall armyworm<br>Flea beetles<br>Leafhoppers<br>Webworms | 1 1/5 to 1 4/5                  | 1.0 to 0.67                         | Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 2 times per year but not more often than once every 14 days.<br><br>For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant. |
| Cutworms   | 1 4/5                           | 0.67                                |  |

**RESTRICTIONS: SUGAR BEETS**

- Do not apply within 28 days of harvest for roots or forage.
- Do not apply more than a total of 3 1/2 pounds (3 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

### SWEET POTATOES

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Corn earworm<br>Cucumber beetles<br>Flea beetles<br>Sweet potato hornworm<br>Sweet potato weevil<br>Tortoise beetles<br>Whitefringed beetle | 1 1/5 to 2 2/5                  | 1.0 to 0.5                          | For foliar sprays, repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 8 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days. |
| Yellowstriped armyworm  | 2 2/5                           | 0.5                                 |  |

**RESTRICTIONS: SWEET POTATOES**

- Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 9 2/5 pounds (8 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.



## SMALL FRUITS AND BERRIES

**All members of the Caneberry Subgroup 13-07A including:**

**Blackberry** (*Rubus* spp. - including Andean Blackberry, Arctic blackberry, Bingleberry, Black satin berry, Boysenberry, Brombeere, California blackberry, Chesterberry, Cherokee blackberry, Cheyene blackberry, Common blackberry, Coryberry, Darrowberry, Dewberry, Dirksen thornless berry, Evergreen blackberry, Himalayaberry, Hullberry, Lavacaberry, Loganberry, Lowberry, Lucretiaberry, Mammoth blackberry, Marionberry, Mora, Mures deronce, Nectarberry, Northern dewberry, Olallieberry, Oregon evergreen berry, Phenomenalberry, Rangeberry, Ravenberry, Rossberry, Shawnee blackberry, Southern dewberry, Tayberry, Youngberry, Zarzamora, plus cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these).

**Raspberry** (*Rubus* spp. - including Bababerry, Black raspberry, Blackcap, Caneberry, Framboise, Frambueso, Himbeere, Keriberry, Mayberry, Purple raspberry, Red raspberry, Thimbleberry, Tulameen, Wild raspberry, Yellow raspberry, plus cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these).

**All members of the Bushberry Subgroup 13-07B including:** Aronia berry, Blueberry (*Vaccinium* spp. - highbush, lowbush and cultivars and/or hybrids of these [= all blueberry species]), Chilean guava, Currant (black, buffalo, native and red), European barberry, Gooseberry, Highbush cranberry, Honeysuckle (edible), Huckleberry, Jostaberry, Juneberry, Lingonberry, Salal, Sea buckthorn, plus cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these.

**Cranberries; Grapes; Strawberries.**

| PEST                     |                                | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| European fruit lecanium  | Rose chafer                    | 1 1/5 to 2 2/5                  | 1.0 to 0.5                          | <b>OBSERVE BEE CAUTION.</b><br>Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 5 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days.<br><br>For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant.<br><br>In grapes for grape leaffolder, apply before first brood larvae emerge from rolls.<br><br>In grapes, do not concentrate spray on the bunch or visible residues may result. |
| European raspberry aphid | Snowy tree cricket             |                                 |                                     |  |
| Flea beetles             | Strawberry bud weevil          |                                 |                                     |  |
| Grape leaffolder         | Strawberry clipper             |                                 |                                     |  |
| Grape leafroller         | Strawberry fruitworm           |                                 |                                     |  |
| Japanese beetle          | Strawberry leafroller          |                                 |                                     |  |
| Leafhoppers              | Strawberry weevil              |                                 |                                     |  |
| Leafrollers              | Western grapeleaf skeletonizer |                                 |                                     |  |
| Meadow spittlebug        | Western yellowstriped armyworm |                                 |                                     |  |
| Omnivorous leaf-tier     |                                |                                 |                                     |  |
| Blueberry maggot         | Elm spanworm                   | 1 4/5 to 2 2/5                  | 0.67 to 0.5                         |  |
| Cherry fruitworm         | Gypsy moth                     |                                 |                                     |  |
| Cranberry fireworm       | Spaganothus worm               |                                 |                                     |  |
| Cranberry fruitworms     | Tarnished plant bug            |                                 |                                     |  |
| Cranberry twig girdler   |                                |                                 |                                     |  |
| Eight-spotted forester   | Orange tortrix                 | 2 2/5                           | 0.5                                 |  |
| Cutworms                 | Raspberry fruitworm            |                                 |                                     |  |
| Grape berry moth         | Raspberry sawfly               |                                 |                                     |  |
| June beetles             | Redbanded leafroller           |                                 |                                     |  |
| Omnivorous leafroller    | Saltmarsh caterpillar          |                                 |                                     |  |

**RESTRICTIONS: SMALL FRUITS AND BERRIES**

- Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 11 3/4 pounds (10 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- Use in cranberries may kill shrimp and crabs. Do not use in areas where these are important resources.
- Carbaryl may injure Early Dawn and Sunrise varieties of strawberries.
- For **GRAPES** only:

East of the Rocky Mountains, the restricted-entry interval (REI) = 2 days for all activities except grape girdling and cane turning.

**EXCEPTION:** the REI is 6 days for grape girdling and cane turning.

West of the Rocky Mountains, the restricted-entry interval (REI) = 6 days

- Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours for Caneberries, Bushberries, Cranberries, and Strawberries

**BEE CAUTION**

Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. If weed or cover crop bloom is present, mow orchard floor or between rows prior to applying this product. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

**SUNFLOWERS**

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Stem weevil<br>Sunflower beetle                         | 1 1/5 to 1 4/5                  | 1.0 to 0.67                         | Up to 2 applications may be made per year but not more often than once every 7 days.                       |
| Armyworm<br>Cutworms<br>Fall armyworm<br>Sunflower moth | 1 4/5                           | 0.67                                | For cutworm, this product is most effective against species which feed on the upper portions of the plant. |

**RESTRICTIONS: SUNFLOWERS**

- Do not apply within 30 days of grazing or harvest for forage or within 60 days of harvest for seed.
- Do not apply more than a total of 3 1/2 pounds (3 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.
- DO NOT USE ON SUNFLOWER IN CALIFORNIA.**

**TOBACCO**

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Budworms<br>Fall armyworm<br>Tobacco flea beetles<br>Hornworms<br>Japanese beetle<br>June beetle<br>Suckfly | 1 1/5 to 2 2/5                  | 1.0 to 0.5                          | <b>Plant bed and Field Treatment</b><br>Repeat treatments as necessary up to a total of 4 times per year per crop but not more often than once every 7 days.<br><br>Use lower rate on young plants (up to knee height).<br>Use at least 10 gallons of prepared spray per acre.<br>Begin treatments when worms are small. |

**RESTRICTIONS: TOBACCO**

- Do not apply within 2 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 9 2/5 pounds (8 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- Observe plant response precautions.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 2 days (48 hours).
- BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

## TREE FRUIT CROPS

On all tree fruit crops, apply in sufficient volume for adequate coverage. This will vary depending on the pest and its severity, the tree condition, size, and density, and other factors.

### CITRUS FRUITS

**All members of the Citrus Fruit Group 10 including:** Calamondin, Citrus citron, Citrus hybrids (Citrus spp., includes chironja, tangelo and tangor), Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (tangerine), Orange (sweet and sour), Pummelo, Tangelo, Satsuma mandarin, White sapote (Casimiroa spp.), and other cultivars and/or hybrids of these.

| PEST   | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Avocado leafroller<br>California orangedog<br>Citrus cutworm<br>Fruittree leafroller<br>Orange Tortrix<br>Western tussock moth   | 2 2/5 to 3 1/2                  | 0.5 to 0.3                          | OBSERVE BEE CAUTION.<br><br>Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 8 times per crop per year but not more often than once every 14 days.  |
| Citrus rust mite<br>Eriophyid mites<br>Plant bugs<br>Scale insects<br>[Black scale, brown soft scale, California red scale (except in California), citrus snow scale, yellow scale (except in California)] | 3 1/2 to 5 9/10                 | 0.3 to 0.2                          | For scale, apply when crawlers are present.<br><br>For best results on Eriophyid mites, including citrus rust mite, apply when pest populations are low.   |
| Apopka weevil (adult)<br>Citrus root weevils (adults)<br>Fuller Rose Beetle<br>Little leaf notcher (adult)   | 5 9/10                          | 0.2                                 |  |
| <b>California only:</b><br>California red scale<br>Yellow scale  | 5 9/10<br>to<br>14 1/10         | 0.2 to 0.08                         | Do not make more than 1 application per crop per year for California red scale. Apply when crawlers are present.   |
| <b>Florida only:</b><br>Adult citrus weevils<br>(such as, <i>Diaprepes abbreviatus</i> ,<br><i>Pantomorus cervinus</i> , <i>Artipes floridanus</i> , and <i>Pachnaeus spp.</i> )                           | 5 9/10 to 9 2/5                 | 0.2 to 0.12                         | Apply as a foliar spray in adequate volume to obtain uniform coverage. May be applied by ground as a dilute or concentrate spray. Repeat application as necessary up to a total of 3 times per crop per year but not more often than once every 14 days. |

#### RESTRICTIONS: CITRUS FRUITS

- Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.
- All States including Florida and California:  
Do not apply more than a total of 23 1/2 pounds (20 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- California only:  
Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 3 days for application rates ≥ 5 9/10 pounds per acre (5 water soluble paks).  
Do not apply more than 14 1/10 pounds per acre (12 water soluble paks) per application.
- Florida only:  
Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours. Do not apply more than 9 2/5 pounds per acre (8 water soluble paks) per application
- All States other than Florida and California:  
Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours  
Do not apply more than 5 9/10 pounds per acre (5 water soluble paks) per application.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crop in bloom. Mowing weed or cover crop bloom prior to applying this product will reduce hazard to bees. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

## OLIVES

| PEST                                     | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Scale insects (olive scale, black scale) | 5 9/10 to 8 4/5                 | 0.2 to 0.13                         | Up to 2 applications per crop per year may be made but not more often than once every 14 days. |

### RESTRICTIONS: OLIVES

- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 17 3/5 pounds (15 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 3 days (72 hours).
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. If weed or cover crop bloom is present, mow orchard floor or between rows prior to applying this product. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

## POME FRUITS

Members of the Pome Fruit Group 11 including: Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear, Oriental pear.

| PEST   | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| White apple leafhopper   | 3/5 to 1 4/5                    | 2.0 to 0.67                         | OBSERVE BEE CAUTION  |
| Apple aphid<br>Codling moth  | 1 1/5 to 3 1/2                  | 1.0 to 0.3                          | On apples, avoid use during the period from full bloom until 30 days after full bloom unless fruit thinning is desired. Use for pesticidal activity during this period may also result in fruit removal.   |
| Apple aphid<br>Apple maggot<br>Apple mealybug<br>Apple rust mite<br>Bagworms<br>California pearslug (pear sawfly)<br>European apple sawfly<br>Eyespotted bud moth<br>Fruittree leafroller<br>Gypsy moth<br>Japanese beetle<br>Lesser appleworm<br>Lygus bugs<br>Orange tortrix<br>Pearleaf blister mite<br>Pear psylla<br>Pear rust mite<br>Periodical cicada<br>Plum curculio<br>Redbanded leafroller<br>Rosy apply aphid<br>Scale insects (Forbes scale, Lecanium scale, San Jose scale)<br>Tarnished plant bug<br>Tentiform leafminers<br>Woolly apple aphid<br>Yellowheaded fireworm | 1 4/5 to 3 1/2                  | 0.67 to 0.3                         | Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 8 times per crop per year (including thinning sprays on apples) but not more often than once every 14 days.<br><br>For psylla, apply when eggs hatch or young nymphs are present.<br><br>For scale, apply when crawlers are present. |

**POME FRUITS  
(continued)**

| CROP                                     | PEST | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|--|------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Apples<br>Only, for<br>Fruit<br>Thinning |      | 1 1/5 to 3 1/2                  | 1.0 to 0.3                          | <p><b>OBSERVE BEE CAUTION.</b><br/>For easily thinned varieties: apply 3/10 to 3/5 pounds per 100 gal. of spray mixture.</p> <p>For difficult to thin varieties: apply 3/5 to 1 1/5 pounds per 100 gal. of spray mixture.</p> <p>Apply between 10 and 25 days after full bloom. Factors such as tree age, variety, nutrition, previous crop, pruning, bloom and degree of set favor excessive fruit thinning with this product. Exercise caution to avoid possible yield reduction. <b>Rates may vary depending on variety and local orchard conditions.</b></p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The use of SEVIN® 85 <del>Sprayable Carbaryl Insecticide</del> <del>WP85</del> may result in fruit deformity under certain environmental conditions. Before using on any variety of apples, the user must weigh the risk versus benefits when using this product, particularly when using between <b>80% petal fall and 6 mm fruit size</b>. Red Delicious are more sensitive to this phenomenon and in particular, the varieties Bisbee, Red Chief and Vallee Spur are very susceptible to conditions causing fruit deformity. Precipitation and temperatures below 65° F increases the possibility of fruit deformity. The use with summer spray oils and wetting agents may increase the risk of fruit deformity and injury.</p> |

**RESTRICTIONS: POME FRUITS**

- Do not apply to quince.
- Do not use on pears between the tight flower cluster up to the 20 mm fruit size. Use during this period may result in undesirable fruit thinning and/or deformed fruit.
- Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 17 3/5 pounds (15 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
- Do not make more than a total of 8 applications per crop per year.

**FOR PROTECTION OF HONEY BEES:**

- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. If weed or cover crop bloom is present, mow orchard floor or between rows prior to applying this product. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

**For Apple Thinning Use**

- Do not apply during bloom.
- Remove bee hives from orchard to be treated before applying this product. Removing bee hives from adjacent orchards will further minimize risk to bees.

Drift Management

For airblast application, follow the following drift management practices:

- Adjust deflectors and aiming devices so that spray is only directed into the canopy;
- Block off upward pointed nozzles when there is no overhanging canopy;
- Do not allow the spray to go beyond the edge of the cultivated area (i.e., turn off sprayer when turning at end rows);
- For applications to the outside rows, only spray inward, toward the orchard.

## STONE FRUITS

**All members of the Stone Fruit Group 12 including:** Apricot, Cherry (including sweet and tart), Nectarine, Peach, Plum (including Chickasaw, Damson and Japanese), Plumcot, Prune (fresh).

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE  | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|---|
| Apple pandemis<br>Black cherry aphid<br>Cherry fruitworm<br>Cherry maggot (Cherry fruit fly)<br>Codling moth<br>Cucumber beetles<br>Eastern tent caterpillar<br>Eyespotted bud moth<br>European earwig<br>Fruittree leafroller<br>Green fruitworm<br>Gypsy moth<br>Japanese beetle<br>June beetle<br>Lesser peachtree borer<br>Mealy plum aphid | Orange tortrix<br>Oriental fruit moth<br>Peach twig borer<br>Periodical cicada<br>Plum curculio<br>Prune leafhopper<br>Redbanded leafroller<br>Rose chafer<br>Scale insects (Brown soft scale, Forbes scale, Lecanium scale, Olive scale, Oystershell scale, San Jose scale)<br>Tarnished plant bug<br>Tussock moth<br>Variegated leafroller | 2 2/5 to 3 1/2                      | 0.5 to 0.3  |
| Peach twig borer<br>Scale insects (Brown soft scale, Forbes scale, Lecanium scale, Olive scale, Oystershell scale, San Jose scale)  | 4 7/10 to 5 9/10   | 0.25 to 0.2                         | <b>For dormant or delayed dormant timing,</b> apply in combination with a recommended dormant oil. Refer to the dormant oil product label for additional use directions and restrictions. |
| <b>California Only:</b><br>Black cherry aphid<br>Cherry fruitworm<br>Cherry maggot (Cherry fruit fly)<br>Codling moth<br>Cucumber beetles<br>Eyespotted bud moth<br>European earwig<br>Fruittree leafroller<br>Green fruitworm<br>Mealy plum aphid<br>Orange tortrix  | Oriental fruit moth<br>Peach twig borer<br>Scale insects (Brown soft scale, Forbes scale, Lecanium scale, Olive scale, Oystershell scale, San Jose scale)<br>Tarnished plant bug<br>Tussock moth   | 3 1/2 to 4 7/10                     | 0.3 to 0.25   |

### RESTRICTIONS: STONE FRUITS

- Do not apply within 3 days of harvest, except in California. In California, do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
- All States including California:
  - Do not apply more than a total of 16 1/2 pounds (14 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year.
  - Do not apply more than a total of 5 9/10 pounds (5 water soluble paks) per acre per year at the dormant or delayed dormant timing.
  - Do not apply more than a total of 10 3/5 pounds (9 water soluble paks) per acre per year during the production season.
- California only:
  - Do not apply more than 4 7/10 pounds per acre (4 water soluble paks) per application during the production season.
- All States other than California:
  - Do not apply more than 3 1/2 pounds per acre (3 water soluble paks) per application during the production season.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
 Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. If weed or cover crop bloom is present, mow orchard floor or between rows prior to applying this product. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

TREE NUT CROPS

On all tree nut crops, apply in sufficient volume for adequate coverage. This will vary depending on the pest and its severity, the tree condition, size, and density, and other factors.

PISTACHIOS

| PEST   | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Brown soft scale<br>Lecanium scale<br>Navel orangeworm | 3 1/2 to 5 9/10                 | 0.3 to 0.2                          | Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 4 times per crop per year (including any applications at the dormant or delayed dormant timing) but not more often than once every 7 days.<br><br>For scale, apply when crawlers are present. |
| Scale insects  | 4 7/10 to 5 9/10                | 0.25 to 0.2                         | <b>For dormant or delayed dormant timing,</b> apply in combination with a recommended dormant oil. Refer to the dormant oil product label for additional use directions and restrictions.   |

RESTRICTIONS: PISTACHIOS

- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 17 3/5 pounds (15 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year, including any application at the dormant or delayed dormant timing.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. If weed or cover crop bloom is present, mow orchard floor or between rows prior to applying this product. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.



### TREE NUTS

All members of the Tree Nut Group 14 including: Almond, Beech nut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert (hazelnut), Hickory nut, Macadamia nut (bush nut), Pecan, Walnut [including black and English (Persian) walnuts].

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Black margined aphid<br>Calico scale<br>Codling moth<br>European fruit lecanium<br>Fall webworm<br>Filbert aphid<br>Filbert leafroller<br>Filbertworm<br>Frosted scale<br>Fruittree leafroller<br>Hickory shuckworm<br>Lesser webworm<br>Navel orangeworm<br>Peach twig borer<br>Pecan leaf phylloxera<br>Pecan stem phylloxera<br>Pecan nut casebearer<br>Pecan spittlebug<br>Pecan weevil<br>San Jose scale<br>Twig girdler<br>Walnut caterpillar | 2 2/5 to 5 9/10                 | 0.5 to 0.2                          | <p>OBSERVE BEE CAUTION</p> <p>Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 4 times per crop per year (including any applications at the dormant or delayed dormant timing) but not more often than once every 7 days.</p> <p>Use lower rates for pests attacking leaves. Use higher rates for pests attacking fruit and for higher infestations.</p> <p>For scale, apply when crawlers are present.</p> <p>For peach twig borer, best results with foliar applications have been found by making applications in "popcorn" or petal fall stages when the May brood begins to hatch.</p> <p>For navel orangeworm in almonds and walnuts, best results have been found by timing early and midseason applications to correspond with moth flight peaks.</p> <p>For filbert leafroller, best results have been found by making applications when eggs are hatching, repeating application on first appearance of moths and again 3 to 4 weeks later.</p> <p>For codling moth in walnuts, best results have been found by making applications when average cross-sectional diameters of developing nuts are 0.5 to 0.75 inches and again during middle or late June as needed.</p> |
| Chestnut weevil<br>European earwig  | 4 7/10<br>to<br>5 9/10          | 0.25 to 0.2                         | <p>For chestnut weevil, best results have been found with 4 applications at weekly intervals beginning in late July. The last application should be made prior to shuck split.</p> <p>For European earwig, thorough coverage of trunks, branches, and nuts is needed for best results.</p>  |
| <b>Almonds Only</b><br>Peach twig borer<br>Scale insects  | 4 7/10<br>to<br>5 9/10          | 0.25 to 0.2                         | <p><b>For dormant or delayed dormant timing,</b> apply in combination with a recommended dormant oil. Refer to the dormant oil product label for additional use directions and restrictions.</p>  |

**RESTRICTIONS: TREE NUTS**

- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than a total of 17 3/5 pounds (15 water soluble paks) per acre per crop per year, including any application at the dormant or delayed dormant timing.
- **BEE CAUTION**  
Do not apply this product to target crops or weeds in bloom. If weed or cover crop bloom is present, mow orchard floor or between rows prior to applying this product. Do not apply to target crop 4 days prior to bloom.

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## FORESTED AREAS AND RANGELAND TREES

Apply by ground in sufficient volume for adequate coverage. This will vary depending on the tree size, density and stage of growth.  
**Forested areas:** Non-urban Forests, Tree Plantations, Planted Christmas Trees, Parks, Rural Shelter Belts; **Rangeland Trees.**

| PEST                        |                                      | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Ants*                       | Maple leafcutter                     | 1 1/5                           | 1.0                                 | <p>Observe plant response precautions.</p> <p>Obtain thorough coverage of upper and lower leaf surfaces. The addition of a sticker may improve product performance.</p> <p>To kill scale insects, treat trunks, stems and twigs in addition to plant foliage.</p> <p>For best results on worm, treat when pests are small.</p> <p>Make applications for maple leafcutter on sugar maple when larvae are in 2nd instar after mining and as cases are being formed.</p> <p>Repeat treatments as necessary up to a total of 2 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days.</p> |
| Apple aphid                 | Mealy bugs                           |                                 |                                     |  |
| Armyworm                    | Mimosa webworm                       |                                 |                                     |  |
| Ash whitefly                | Nantucket pine tip moth              |                                 |                                     |  |
| Azalea leafminer            | Oak leafminers                       |                                 |                                     |  |
| Bagworms                    | Oak moth                             |                                 |                                     |  |
| Balsam twig aphid           | Oak skeletonizer                     |                                 |                                     |  |
| Birch leafminer             | Oakworm complex                      |                                 |                                     |  |
| Blister beetle              | Oleander caterpillar                 |                                 |                                     |  |
| Boxelder bug                | Olive ash borer                      |                                 |                                     |  |
| Boxwood leafminer           | Orange-striped oakworm               |                                 |                                     |  |
| Brown tail moth             | Periodical cicada                    |                                 |                                     |  |
| Cankerworms                 | Pine looper                          |                                 |                                     |  |
| Catalpa sphinx              | Pine sawfly                          |                                 |                                     |  |
| Chiggers*                   | Pine spittlebug                      |                                 |                                     |  |
| Cooley spruce gall adelgid  | Pitch pine tip moth                  |                                 |                                     |  |
| Cutworms                    | Spruce budworm                       |                                 |                                     |  |
| Cypress tip moth            | Plant bugs                           |                                 |                                     |  |
| Douglas-fir tussock moth    | Poinsettia hornworm                  |                                 |                                     |  |
| Eastern spruce gall adelgid | Psyllids                             |                                 |                                     |  |
| Elm leaf aphid              | Puss caterpillar                     |                                 |                                     |  |
| Elm leaf beetle             | Redhumped oakworm                    |                                 |                                     |  |
| Elm spanworm                | Rose aphid                           |                                 |                                     |  |
| Eriophyid mites             | Rose chafer                          |                                 |                                     |  |
| European pine shoot moth    | Rose slug                            |                                 |                                     |  |
| Fall armyworm               | Saddled prominent Sawflies (exposed) |                                 |                                     |  |
| Flea beetle                 | Scale insects (crawlers)             |                                 |                                     |  |
| Fuschia gall mite           | Sowbugs                              |                                 |                                     |  |
| Fuller rose beetle          | Spiney elm caterpillar               |                                 |                                     |  |
| Gall midges                 | Springtails                          |                                 |                                     |  |
| Gall wasps                  | Spruce needleminer                   |                                 |                                     |  |
| Greenstriped mapleworm      | Subtropical pine tip moth            |                                 |                                     |  |
| Grasshoppers                | Tent caterpillars                    |                                 |                                     |  |
| Hackberry nipplegall maker  | Thorn bug                            |                                 |                                     |  |
| Holly bud moth              | Thrips (exposed)                     |                                 |                                     |  |
| Holly leafminer             | Walnut caterpillar                   |                                 |                                     |  |
| Jackpine budworm            | Webworms                             |                                 |                                     |  |
| Japanese beetle             | Western hemlock looper               |                                 |                                     |  |
| Jeffrey pine needleminer    | Western spruce budworm               |                                 |                                     |  |
| June beetles                | Willow leaf beetles                  |                                 |                                     |  |
| Lace bugs                   | Wooly gall aphid                     |                                 |                                     |  |
| Leafhoppers                 | Yellow poplar weevil                 |                                 |                                     |  |
| Leafrollers                 |                                      |                                 |                                     |  |
| Locust borer                |                                      |                                 |                                     |  |
| Gypsy Moth                  |                                      | 4/5 to 1 1/5                    | 1.4 to 1.0                          | For gypsy moths, use the higher rate for heavy infestations.   |
| Ticks*                      |                                      | 1 1/5                           | 1.0                                 | *Will kill only pests present at the time of application and directly contacted by product.  |

## FORESTED AREAS AND RANGELAND TREES, CONTINUED

**Forested areas:** Non-urban Forests, Tree Plantations, Planted Christmas Trees, Parks, Rural Shelter Belts; **Rangeland Trees.**

| PEST   | RATE OF THIS PRODUCT PER GALLON                      | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|---|
| Elm bark beetle<br>Ips engraver beetles<br>Mountain pine beetle<br>Roundheaded pine beetle<br>Spruce beetle<br>Western pine beetle | 2.8 ounces per gallon<br><br>(1 pak per 6.7 gallons) | See Specific Directions             | <p><b>Direct Trunk Treatment:</b><br/>                     Effective as a preventative treatment only. Treat annually as required to prevent beetle attacks.</p> <p>Apply 1 gallon of spray per 50 square feet of bark prior to beetle flight or host-tree attack. Treat tree trunk from ground level up, until trunk diameter is less than 5 inches.</p> <p>For elm bark beetle: apply approximately 20-30 gallons of spray mixture for each 50 feet of elm tree for thorough coverage of all bark surfaces on trunks, limbs and twigs.</p> <p>Do not make more than 2 applications per year or repeat applications more often than once every six months.</p> |

**RESTRICTIONS: FORESTED AREAS AND RANGELAND TREES**

- Do not make more than 2 foliar applications and 2 direct trunk treatments per year.
- Do not use on syrup-producing sugar maples where sap is harvested.
- DO NOT ENTER OR ALLOW OTHERS TO ENTER TREATED AREAS UNTIL SPRAYS HAVE DRIED.
- **BEE CAUTION:**  
Do not apply this product to plants in bloom.



ORNAMENTAL TREES AND PLANTS

Apply by ground in sufficient volume for adequate coverage. This will vary depending on the plant or tree size, density, and stage of growth.

Roses, Flowers, Other Herbaceous Plants, Woody Plants, Evergreens, Shrubs.

| PEST                        |                                      | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Ants*                       | Maple leafcutter                     | 1 1/5                           | 1.0                                 | Observe plant response precautions.   |
| Apple aphid                 | Mealy bugs                           |                                 |                                     | Obtain thorough coverage of upper and lower leaf surfaces. The addition of a sticker may improve product performance.           |
| Armyworm                    | Mimosa webworm                       |                                 |                                     | To kill scale insects, treat trunks, stems and twigs in addition to plant foliage.  |
| Ash whitefly                | Nantucket pine tip moth              |                                 |                                     | For best results on worm, treat when pests are small.   |
| Azalea leafminer            | Oak leafminers                       |                                 |                                     | Make applications for maple leafcutter on sugar maple when larvae are in 2nd instar after mining and as cases are being formed. |
| Bagworms                    | Oak moth                             |                                 |                                     | Repeat treatments as necessary up to a total of 6 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days.                     |
| Balsam twig aphid           | Oak skeletonizer                     |                                 |                                     |   |
| Birch leafminer             | Oakworm complex                      |                                 |                                     |   |
| Blister beetle              | Oleander caterpillar                 |                                 |                                     |   |
| Boxelder bug                | Olive ash borer                      |                                 |                                     |   |
| Boxwood leafminer           | Orange-striped oakworm               |                                 |                                     |   |
| Brown tail moth             | Periodical cicada                    |                                 |                                     |   |
| Cankerworms                 | Pine looper                          |                                 |                                     |   |
| Catalpa sphinx              | Pine sawfly                          |                                 |                                     |   |
| Chiggers*                   | Pine spittlebug                      |                                 |                                     |   |
| Cooley spruce gall adelgid  | Pitch pine tip moth                  |                                 |                                     |   |
| Cutworms                    | Spruce budworm                       |                                 |                                     |   |
| Cypress tip moth            | Plant bugs                           |                                 |                                     |   |
| Douglas-fir tussock moth    | Poinsettia hornworm                  |                                 |                                     |   |
| Eastern spruce gall adelgid | Psyllids                             |                                 |                                     |   |
| Elm leaf aphid              | Puss caterpillar                     |                                 |                                     |   |
| Elm leaf beetle             | Redhumped oakworm                    |                                 |                                     |   |
| Elm spanworm                | Rose aphid                           |                                 |                                     |   |
| Eriophyid mites             | Rose chafer                          |                                 |                                     |   |
| European pine shoot moth    | Rose slug                            |                                 |                                     |   |
| Fall armyworm               | Saddled prominent Sawflies (exposed) |                                 |                                     |   |
| Flea beetle                 | Scale insects (crawlers)             |                                 |                                     |   |
| Fuschia gall mite           | Sowbugs                              |                                 |                                     |   |
| Fuller rose beetle          | Spiney elm caterpillar               |                                 |                                     |   |
| Gall midges                 | Springtails                          |                                 |                                     |   |
| Gall wasps                  | Spruce needleminer                   |                                 |                                     |   |
| Greenstriped mapleworm      | Subtropical pine tip moth            |                                 |                                     |   |
| Grasshoppers                | Tent caterpillars                    |                                 |                                     |   |
| Hackberry nipplegall maker  | Thorn bug                            |                                 |                                     |   |
| Holly bud moth              | Thrips (exposed)                     |                                 |                                     |   |
| Holly leafminer             | Walnut caterpillar                   |                                 |                                     |   |
| Jackpine budworm            | Webworms                             |                                 |                                     |   |
| Japanese beetle             | Western hemlock looper               |                                 |                                     |   |
| Jeffrey pine needleminer    | Western spruce budworm               |                                 |                                     |   |
| June beetles                | Willow leaf beetles                  |                                 |                                     |   |
| Lace bugs                   | Wooly gall aphid                     |                                 |                                     |   |
| Leafhoppers                 | Yellow poplar weevil                 |                                 |                                     |   |
| Leafrollers                 |                                      |                                 |                                     |   |
| Locust borer                |                                      |                                 |                                     |   |
| Gypsy Moth                  |                                      | 4/5 to 1 1/5                    | 1.4 to 1.0                          | For gypsy moths, use the higher rate for heavy infestations.  |
| Ticks*                      |                                      | 1 1/5                           | 1.0                                 | *Will kill only pests present at the time of application and directly contacted by product.                                     |

## ORNAMENTAL TREES AND PLANTS, CONTINUED

Roses, Flowers, Other Herbaceous Plants, Woody Plants, Evergreens, Shrubs

| PEST   | RATE OF THIS PRODUCT PER GALLON                      | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|---|
| Elm bark beetle<br>Ips engraver beetles<br>Mountain pine beetle<br>Roundheaded pine beetle<br>Spruce beetle<br>Western pine beetle | 2.8 ounces per gallon<br><br>(1 pak per 6.7 gallons) | See Specific Directions             | <p><b>Direct Trunk Treatment:</b><br/>                     Effective as a preventative treatment only. Treat annually as required to prevent beetle attacks.</p> <p>Apply 1 gallon of spray per 50 square feet of bark prior to beetle flight or host-tree attack. Treat tree trunk from ground level up, until trunk diameter is less than 5 inches.</p> <p>For elm bark beetle: apply approximately 20-30 gallons of spray mixture for each 50 feet of elm tree for thorough coverage of all bark surfaces on trunks, limbs and twigs.</p> <p>Do not make more than 2 applications per year or repeat applications more often than once every six months.</p> |

### RESTRICTIONS: ORNAMENTAL TREES AND PLANTS

- Do not make more than a total of 6 foliar and 2 direct trunk treatments per year.
- Do not use on syrup-producing sugar maples where sap is harvested.
- DO NOT ENTER OR ALLOW OTHERS TO ENTER TREATED AREAS UNTIL SPRAYS HAVE DRIED.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) = 12 hours.
- EXCEPTION: the restricted-entry interval is 18 days for ornamentals grown for cuttings (cut flowers or cut foliage) where production is in outdoor areas and where average annual rainfall is less than 25 inches a year. Notify workers of the application and restricted-entry interval by warning them orally and by posting warning signs at entrances to treated area. Note: information on average annual rainfall for your area is available from any nearby weather bureau, such as one located at a local airport or one affiliated with the National Oceanographic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA).
- **BEE CAUTION:**  
 Do not apply this product to plants in bloom.



## TURFGRASS

Apply using ground pressure-type equipment in sufficient spray volume for thorough coverage and thatch penetration.  
**Turfgrass:** golf turf, sports fields, sod farms, domestic and commercial lawns, cemeteries, parks, campsites, recreational areas.

| PEST   | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Ants*<br>Armyworm<br>Cutworms<br>Essex skipper<br>European chafer<br>Fall armyworm<br>Fiery skipper<br>Grasshoppers<br>Green June beetle larvae<br>Leafhoppers<br>Lucerne moth<br>Millipedes<br>Mosquitoes (adults)*<br>Scarab beetle adults (May beetle, June beetle, Japanese beetle, green June beetle)<br>Sowbugs<br>Spittlebugs<br>Yellowstriped armyworm | 2 2/5 to 4 3/4                  | 1/2 to 1/4                          | <p><b>For Armyworm, Cutworm, and Fall Armyworm:</b> Do not irrigate treated areas within 24 hrs. following insecticide application.</p> <p><b>For Green June Beetle Grub (larvae):</b> Make applications when grubs are feeding near the soil surface. Water or irrigate turfgrass soon after treatment.</p> <p>Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of 4 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days.</p>   |
| Ticks*   | 1 1/5                           | 1                                   |   |
| Centipedes*<br>Chiggers*<br>Earwigs*   | 4 3/4                           | 1/4                                 |   |
| Chinch bugs<br>Sod Webworm (lawn moths)  | 7 to 9 2/5                      | 1/6 to 1/8                          | <p><b>For Chinch bug:</b> Treat entire grass area rather than just damaged areas. Irrigation prior to treatment will aid in penetration of insecticide into turfgrass. Do not irrigate treated areas within 24 hrs. following insecticide application.</p> <p><b>For European Crane Fly:</b> Apply in early spring, April 1 to April 15, or at timing recommended by local Agricultural Extension Service agents. Water or irrigate turfgrass within 48 hours after treatment.</p> <p><b>For White Grub:</b> Apply when grubs are feeding near the soil surface, usually during late March through May, or July through early September, or at timing recommended by local Agricultural Extension Service agents. Water or irrigate turfgrass within 48 hours after treatment. Repeat applications as necessary up to 2 times per year but not more often than once every 7 days.</p> |
| Bluegrass billbug larvae<br>European crane fly<br>White grubs (Japanese beetle, Chafer beetle, and <i>Phyllophaga</i> spp. larvae)<br>Black turfgrass atenioides beetle larvae<br>Hyperoides weevil (bluegrass weevil) larvae<br>Springtails   | 9 2/5                           | 1/8                                 |   |
| Fleas*   | 9 2/5                           | 1/8                                 | *Will kill only pests present at the time of application and directly contacted by product.   |

### RESTRICTIONS: TURFGRASS

- Do not apply more than a total of 18 4/5 pounds per acre (16 water soluble paks) per year.
- Broadcast applications to turfgrass are permitted only on golf courses, sod farms, cemeteries, and commercial landscapes. Applications to all other lawns or turf (residential settings) are limited to spot treatments.
- Restricted-entry interval (REI) for harvesting sod productions (sod farms) = 24 hours.
- DO NOT ENTER OR ALLOW OTHERS TO ENTER TREATED AREAS UNTIL SPRAYS HAVE DRIED.
- Do not apply by air or chemigation
- BEE CAUTION: Do not apply this product to plants in bloom.

**SPECIFIC PESTS ACROSS MULTIPLE SITES  
GRASSHOPPERS**

All crops on this label

| PEST         | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Grasshoppers | 3/5 to 1 4/5*                   | 2.0 to 0.67                         | Apply 3/5 to 4/5 pounds per acre of this product for nymphs on small plants or sparse vegetation. Apply 1 1/5 to 1 4/5 pounds per acre for mature grasshoppers or applications to dense foliage. Be certain spray volumes are appropriate to assure adequate coverage. |

**RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: GRASSHOPPER**

- \*NOTE: Refer to individual site listings elsewhere on this label for use restrictions. Do not use rates higher than listed for the site or exceed other use restrictions.

**TICKS WHICH MAY VECTOR LYME DISEASE**

To kill juvenile and adult ticks which may vector Lyme Disease, apply in sufficient volume for thorough coverage\*. Will kill only pests that are present at the time of application and directly contacted by product.

**All crops/sites on this label including;** Pastures; Forested Areas; Wasteland, Rights-of-Way, Hedgerows, Ditchbanks, Roadsides, Set-Aside and Conservation Reserve Program Acreage; Ornamental Trees and Plants; Turfgrass\*\*

| PEST  | POUNDS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE | ACRES TREATED per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| <i>Ixodes</i> spp.<br>(Deer tick, Bear tick, Black legged tick) | 1 1/5                           | 1.0                                 | To kill juvenile ticks, apply in late spring or early summer. To kill adult tick can be obtained with late summer and fall applications.   |
| <i>Amblyomma</i> spp.<br>(Lone star tick)                       |                                 |                                     | Treat entire area and perimeter areas where exposure to ticks may occur. Ticks may be reintroduced from surrounding areas on host animals. Retreat as necessary to maintain low population levels. |

**RESTRICTIONS: TICKS WHICH VECTOR LYME DISEASE**

- Do not make more than 4 applications per year for ticks.
- \* Refer to individual site listings elsewhere on this label for use restrictions. Do not use rates higher than listed for the site or exceed other use restrictions. If product is used to kill ticks on any use site listed on this label, the use rate must not exceed 1 1/5 pounds of this product/A (1 water soluble pak). Observe all use restrictions.
- \*\* Broadcast applications to turfgrass are permitted only on golf courses, sod farms, cemeteries, and commercial landscapes. Applications to all other lawns or turf (residential settings) are limited to spot treatments.
- DO NOT ENTER OR ALLOW OTHERS TO ENTER TREATED AREAS UNTIL SPRAYS HAVE DRIED.

## IMPORTED FIRE ANTS

All crops/sites on this label\*

| PEST                          | AMOUNT OF THIS PRODUCT PER GALLONS OF WATER | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS  |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Imported fire ant             | 1 pak for 66.7 gallons                      | <p><b>DRENCH APPLICATION:</b><br/>           To kill active mounds, apply a total of 2 gallons of the diluted solution over the surface of each mound or at least 1 quart per 6 inches of mound diameter using a bucket, can or other appropriate equipment. Thoroughly wet mound and surrounding areas to a 4 ft diameter (12 sq.ft.). Do not disturb mound prior to treatment. Pour solution from a height of about three feet to give sufficient force to break mound apex and flow into ant tunnels. For best results apply in cool weather (65-80°F) or in early morning or late evening hours. Repeat application if mound activity resumes after 30 days. Treat new mounds as they appear. Pressurized sprays may disturb the ants and cause migration, reducing product effectiveness.</p> |
| Imported fire ants (foraging) | 1 pak for 66.7 gallons                      | <p><b>BROADCAST APPLICATION (outdoor use only)**</b><br/>           Treat only the growing media when using on bedding plants and avoid contact with foliage.<br/>           Do not make more than one application per year.</p>   |

**RESTRICTIONS: IMPORTED FIRE ANTS**

- DO NOT ENTER OR ALLOW OTHERS TO ENTER TREATED AREAS UNTIL SPRAYS HAVE DRIED.
- FOR OUTDOOR USE ONLY. DO NOT USE IN GREENHOUSES.
- DO NOT USE ON ANY FOOD CROP NOT LISTED ON THIS LABEL. Refer to the specific site use directions elsewhere on this label for additional restrictions.

\*\* Broadcast applications to turfgrass are permitted only on golf courses, sod farms, cemeteries, and commercial landscapes. Applications to all other lawns or turf (residential settings) are limited to spot treatments



## NUISANCE PESTS

For use as a perimeter treatment to kill the listed nuisance pests.

| PEST   | GALLONS per Water Soluble Pak | SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS   |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| Ants*<br>Bees*<br>Brown dog tick*<br>Centipedes*<br>Cockroaches*<br>Crickets<br>Darkling beetle<br>(lesser mealworm or litter beetle)<br>Earwigs<br>Firebrats<br>Fleas*<br>Millipedes<br>Scorpions*<br>Silverfish*<br>Spiders*<br>Wasps* | 13 gallons per pak            | Observe plant response precautions.<br><br>Apply as a coarse wet spray in a band 6 to 10 feet wide around the outside perimeter of buildings, contacting as many pests as possible. Confine applications to areas immediately adjacent to the building. Direct application to the outside of structure should be minimal and restricted to cracks, crevices, and areas where insects tend to congregate.<br><br>For use in and around flower beds and ornamental plantings, apply as a coarse wet spray in and around plant beds. |

### RESTRICTIONS: NUISANCE PESTS

- Do not make more than 4 applications per year. Do not apply more often than once every 7 days.
- DO NOT ENTER OR ALLOW OTHERS TO ENTER TREATED AREAS UNTIL SPRAYS HAVE DRIED.
- NOTE: Staining may occur on certain surfaces such as stucco, brick, cinder block, wood, fabrics, and carpet. Spray deposits on painted or stained surfaces of finishes (e.g., cars, house trailers, boats, etc.) should be removed immediately by washing to prevent discoloration. Avoid application to surfaces where visible spray residues are objectionable. Staining of fabrics and carpet may be permanent. For outdoor use only.
- \*Will kill only pests that are present at the time of application and directly contacted by product



